

LIERS FOR LIL ARE BEING HIRED.

VELAND'S FAT FRIEND IS RISING AN ENGLISH ARMY.

Agent at Work in British Columbia, But Has Secured Only 180 Men Milwaukee Brewers Carry Their Point in the Free Barley Controversy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A dispatch from Victoria, British Columbia, gives information regarding the dispatch reads: "An agent of Queen Liliuokalani is enlisting men to restore her to throne. He has secured one hundred and eighty."

ED BARLEY AND FREE WOOL. consin Helped In One Way and Hurt In Another.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Milwaukee brewers have gained a point in the free wool controversy. They wanted a law on barley so New York brewers don't get Canada barley cheap. In consequence of their effort the Ways and Means committee, or the domestic members thereof, have agreed to report an amendment to the pending bill raising the duty on barley to 20 to 30 per cent. ad valorem. This is about half the duty imposed by the existing law. This protection, however, is about all the barley growers asked for, and will give them general satisfaction. It will be a substantial benefit to the farmer. What they make on barley, however, they lose on wool. Chairman Wilson read the amendment fixing Aug. 1 the time for the free-wool schedule to go into effect. The substitutes of Johnson (dem.) of Ohio proposing that wool be made free immediately the bill becomes law, and that of Mr. Payne (rep.) of New York, fixing the date at Oct. 1, were also read. Mr. Morse then delivered a speech on the subject of the tariff on cordage.

The substitute offered by Mr. Johnson, providing that the free wool use should take effect immediately after the passage of the bill, was agreed to, 112; nays, 102.

The question of limiting the debate the amendments offered yesterday by a council of war between the leaders of the two parties held in front of the speaker's desk. It was decided to close the debate at 1 o'clock, if of time to be given to each.

Mr. Reed was given control of time of the republican side and Mr. Wilson for the democrats. Mr. Dingley was given fifteen minutes. Contending against the assertion that large importations benefited the country he said that if \$200,000,000 worth of goods were brought into this country it was depriving American manufacturers of a sale of that amount and stopped work to just that extent.

Mr. Hatch (dem., Mo.) spoke in favor of free wool. Whenever the tariff on wool had been raised American wools declined in price, he said.

Mr. Bynum (dem., Ind.) spoke briefly in favor of extending the time for the operation of the wool schedule to take effect. Mr. Cannon (rep., Ill.) asserted that wool had been as cheap in this country since the 1st of last June as it had been bought in Australia. He had opposed the extension of time yesterday because if free wool had to come in, it might just as well come then as later. The only advantage to be gained by postponing the time would be that it would give the importer time to sell out his stock on hand without benefiting the wool-grower or consumer.

Mr. Cockran (dem., N. Y.) was then recognized. He held that the importation of \$250,000,000 worth of goods did not occur unless we manufactured that much to pay for them. He cited Mr. Dingley if he did not assert that the value of labor did not depend on the law of supply and demand.

Mr. Dingley replied: "If you mean that the number of persons seeking employment at a certain time is exactly equivalent to the number of vacancies for which laborers are sought, I say no."

Mr. Cockran resumed his argument at the importation of \$250,000,000 worth of goods meant the exportation of an equivalent amount in goods or money. He argued that if the amount of goods had been imported, it must have been because they were cheaper than they could be bought here, and consequently we must have got more goods for the \$250,000,000 expended than if we had manufactured \$250,000,000 worth ourselves. And if we import more goods we must manufacture more goods to pay for them.

He argued that if the amount of goods had been imported, it must have been because they were cheaper than they could be bought here, and consequently we must have got more goods for the \$250,000,000 expended than if we had manufactured \$250,000,000 worth ourselves. And if we import more goods we must manufacture more goods to pay for them.

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Mr. Wilson's amendment was then taken up, proposing that the free wool use of the tariff bill should go into effect Aug. 1, 1894. Mr. Payne (rep., N. Y.) offered an amendment making the time Oct. 1, 1893. For these Mr. Johnson (dem., Ohio) proposed a substitute providing that the clause should go into effect immediately after the passage of the bill. To this substitute an amendment was offered by Mr. Bower (rep., Cal.) fixing the date

of operation of the clause as of Dec. 31, 1893.

Payne's and Bowers' propositions were defeated, and the next vote was taken on the substitute proposed by Mr. Johnson. Contrary to expectation, this was agreed to on a vote by tellers of yeas 112, nays 102, reversing the vote on division, which was yeas 68, nays 89, a large number of republicans voting in favor of the immediate enactment. The result was greeted with cheers.

The next amendment submitted by Chairman Wilson was one putting marine engines and equipments on the free list. After debate it was agreed to.

Mr. Burrows (rep., Mich.) was recognized to offer an amendment to the wool and woolen manufactures schedule. He proposed to substitute the clause in the McKinley bill for the one in the pending bill, and he spoke for some time in support of this proposition.

Mr. Pickler (rep., S. D.) offered an amendment increasing the duty on first-class wool from 11 cents to 12 and on second-class wool from 12 to 13 cents; and he made an argument in support of it. What he complained of is that there is no protection for any article raised by the farmer—for his horses, his cattle, his sheep.

Mr. Springer explained the woolen manufacturer was protected to the amount of 98 per cent under the McKinley tariff, and that it was not deemed fair or right to withdraw all that protection at once. Mr. Springer added that under the inducement of that high protection millions of dollars had been invested in wool manufacturing; and the committee desired to give the manufacturers time to adjust their business.

Mr. Hunter (dem., Ill.) declared that no man should be called a democrat who was in favor of protection.

The committee then rose, without action on the pending amendments, and the house took a recess.

Mr. Sperry (dem., Conn.) was the first speaker in the evening. He was not in favor of the bill. Mr. Sperry was followed by Messrs Hunter (dem., Ill.) and Mr. Bower (dem., N. C.).

The night session came to a close with a speech by Mr. Post (rep., Ill.). The house then adjourned.

The ways and means committee has decided to amend section 7 of the tariff bill so as to permit the free introduction of all foreign made materials used in the construction of vessels built in the United States for use in foreign trade and trade between Atlantic and Pacific ports of the United States.

These vessels shall not be used more than two months in the year in the coastwise trade without the payment of duties on the goods carried in them.

Proceedings in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Nothing of public interest transpired in the senate yesterday, the attention of the body being occupied for half an hour in the discussion of a private bill for the refunding of a small sum wrongfully collected as an internal revenue tax in 1865. The bill was finally placed on the calendar.

A resolution for an inquiry into civil service reform and whether its rules should be extended or restricted gave rise to a discussion in which Senator Hoar took advanced grounds in favor of the reform, giving President Cleveland some credit for his position, but finding fault with the "looting" of the consulships. He defended Josiah Quincy in connection with the consulships, saying that Mr. Quincy had been made the "scapegoat" of the administration.

The discussion continued until 2 o'clock, when the resolution went over until to-morrow. The bill to repeal the federal election laws was then taken up as the "unfinished business."

Woman Elected Mayor in Kansas.

PLEASANTON, Kan., Jan. 18.—Mrs. Anna Austin was elected mayor of this town yesterday by a majority of 8 in a total vote of 338, of which women cast 123.

The Big Fight Will Take Place.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 18.—The Corbett and Mitchell fight will take place, but not in Jacksonville. Only the backing out of the principals can declare the match off. Moreover the fight will take place in Florida. The Duval Athletic club is out with another statement in which it practically admits that the fight will not take place in the arena now being prepared. It has a place in view, however, and unless its plans are upset the fight will take place in the day time and in the state. Both the principals are confident the club will bring off the fight.

Meeting of Editors.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The Northwestern Press association, which includes the states of Illinois, except Chicago; Wisconsin, except Milwaukee, and the greater part of Nebraska, met yesterday at the Sherman house. The most important business transacted was the admission to membership of the following Wisconsin papers: The Northwestern and the Times of Oshkosh, the Journal and the Democrat of Madison and the Chronicle of La Crosse.

Anti-Option Bill Soon to Be Introduced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Farmer Washburn says the anti-option bill is to be introduced in the house shortly by Farmer Hatch as a means of revenue, and not for the purpose of imposing a penalty on the dealers in futures in options. "We expect to pare down the figures a little," said the Minnesota senator, "and I am confident the bill will pass both houses and is signed by the President."

PASSENGER TRAIN HELD UP AT ST. JOE

FIVE MASKED ROBBERS LOOT THE CARS.

The Safe Was Open and the Valuables in the Express Car Were at the Mercy of the Gang--Thieves Round Up the Crew and Make Their Escape.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 18.—Train No. 3, on the Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs railroad, was held up and robbed at 12:20 o'clock this morning by five masked men at Roy's Branch, just above this city, the scene of the attempted robbery Sept. 25 last. The train was stopped by a torpedo placed on the track. When the engineer had slowed up and the firemen were covered by revolvers and forced to go back to the express car and demand admittance. The express messenger, C. E. Baxter, was covered by revolvers in the hands of the robbers and they proceeded to plunder the car. The safe was open and the contents were transferred to a sack which was carried by one of the gang. The robbers then assembled all the train crew in a bunch. They marched them about half way down the train and ordered them to stand still. They then made their escape in a westerly direction through the dense willows which line the track at that point.

The robbers could not all be described, but are supposed to be the same gang that held up and robbed the Chicago fast train, the Eli on the Hannibal, just a week ago to-night. One of them used a red lantern in signaling to the engineer. Two of the men, a tall and a short one, answer the description of two of the Eli robbers.

Sheriff Carson and a large posse of deputies are on the trail of the robbers and every available man has been pressed into service. As soon as the robbers left the train it was backed down into the city and the officials notified.

Nothing can be ascertained in regard to how much money the robbers secured, but coming on the heels of the last robbery it has created intense excitement all over the city.

Roy's Branch, where the hold-up occurred, was the place where two train robbers were killed and four captured Sept. 25 by a dummy train sent out by the officials of the road in place of No. 3, the train that was attacked to-night.

RUNNING FIGHT WITH ROBBERS.

One Officer Killed and Two Bandits Wounded at Danville, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 18.—The hottest battle with burglars that has ever taken place at Danville, the county seat of Montour county, was fought yesterday between five postoffice masked robbers on one side and 100 infuriated citizens on the other. As a result Policeman John Van Gilger of Danville was shot dead by the robbers and two desperadoes of the gang were wounded, but were taken away in boats on the Susquehanna river. Shortly after the raid on the postoffice and just as two of the robbers were shoving a big pile of greenbacks into a bag Danville's four night police, the only guardians of 5,000 people, appeared and the shooting began. Ten shots were exchanged, when the robbers were reinforced by three more men who had been trying to blow open the safe. All were well armed and a continuous round of firing began. The bandits formed a square and, keeping close to the stone steps leading to the building, were able to escape the policemen's bullets. Numerous citizens appeared, armed with weapons of every description. The firing became so rapid that the robbers concluded to retreat to the river, and it was there that Van Gilger was slain and two of the wounded robbers were picked up and placed in skiffs. Thus the bandits escaped in the darkness, with rifles and revolvers cracking away at them. The sheriff says he will bring back the slayers of Van Gilger dead or alive.

Appeal for Ian Benton.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 18.—An appeal is to be issued to the Grand Army men of the country for contributions with which to prosecute in the Supreme court of the United States the appeal of Ian Benton, alias Bill Newby, convicted and sentenced to two years' imprisonment for falsely personating a dead Union soldier for the purpose of obtaining a pension. Many communications have been received from Union soldiers in different parts of the country offering to contribute to a fund for this purpose, and expressing the opinion that the old man has been grossly wronged.

Fear a Scarlet Fever Epidemic.

NEW HAMPTON, Iowa, Jan. 18.—About thirty cases of scarlet fever and one death in town have frightened the board of health into ordering the public schools closed and forbidding any public gatherings for thirty days. The order affects the opera house and all of the churches.

Three Train Robbers Plead Guilty.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Jan. 18.—Charles O'Dwyer, Joe Hardin and D. L. Jones, the three Illinois Central train robbers who held up the New Orleans limited near this city Sept. 20, have pleaded guilty. Jones, who shot both the engineer and fireman, also has to answer to the charge of attempting to commit murder. Sentence has not yet been passed.

MAN WITH A "BARREL" AFTER PECK'S JOB.

A. L. SMITH HAS A CHANCE OF BECOMING GOVERNOR.

T. J. Cunningham Wants the Nomination, and "Honest" John Hunner, of State Depository Fame, Would Also Sacrifice Himself if the People Called Very Loudly.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 18.—A. L. Smith of Appleton, with the recommendation of being possessed of a "barrel," is creeping to the front among democratic leaders as a gubernatorial candidate. It is said that he is being groomed for the race by Boss Wall, and will be in condition to distance all comers when the proper time comes.

Gen. Bragg, whatever of ambition he may have had in this direction, is now off the track. "Do you think I am fool enough to run for governor after the party has been ruined by its leaders?" is the conundrum pronounced by the little warrior whenever he is questioned as to his probable candidacy.

Tom Cunningham, the secretary of state, who of the administration crowd alone seems to have escaped rebuffment from the roster contract business is about declaring that the thing most wanted in the governor's chair is dignity. The proclamation is made with an air that conveys the idea that in his own opinion at least Thomas is the possessor of the requisite amount of dignity to fill the place.

State Treasurer Hunner is another member of Gov. Peck's official household who is anxious to step in the shoes to be vacated by the father of "The Bad Boy."

Congressman Barwig, a successful saloon keeper of Mayville, who succeeded Gen. Bragg in the lower house of congress, is also in the field. However, Mr. Smith of Appleton, is in the lead with the bosses and unless a rebellion breaks out in the party, it seems likely he will be the man.

MISSOURI EX-CONVICT LYNCHED.

He Had Criminally Assaulted Two Ladies, and Is Hanged.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 18.—John Buchner, an ex-convict, who criminally assaulted Mrs. A. L. Mungo and Miss Allie Harrison near Manchester, Mo., Tuesday, was lynched at daybreak yesterday. The scene of the lynching is about twenty-five miles from this city.

At 4 o'clock in the morning, by secret agreement, a large mob gathered at a stated point and started for the jail. It was reached at 5 o'clock. The jail was not a very strong one, and the small guard about it was soon overpowered. The door was battered down quickly and the trembling negro was dragged from his cell. He begged for mercy, but his cries were unheeded. A rope was thrown about his neck and he was dragged to a railroad bridge. Arriving there, he was strung up to one of the beams, the mob cursing him as he swung off. The body was still swinging from the beam at 9 o'clock, in full view of the passengers on the San Francisco railroad. Many colored men took part in the lynching.

CHILD-SLAYER MUST DIE.

Ernest Lecore Will Be Hanged at Joliet To-morrow.

JOLIET, Ill., Jan. 18.—Joliet has had three legal hangings since 1866. The first was George Chase, hanged March 23, 1866, for murdering Charles Clark, deputy warden in the penitentiary. Chase was a convict at the time.

The fourth, Ernest Lecore, a man of only 24 years of age, yet who in that short time has committed more crimes than would naturally be committed by a man three times as old, will be hanged here to-morrow. Lecore was born in Wesley township, twelve miles from Joliet, of parents not very high socially or morally. His brutal crime, the assault and murder of a 13-year-old girl, has been told too recently to need repetition.

The instrument with which Lecore will be swung into eternity was borrowed from the sheriff at Ottawa. It was built in Grundy county in 1891 for the execution of Maxwell, who, while engaged in robbery with a colored man, Fitzhugh, killed a young man and nearly killed his mother. In March, 1892, it was brought to Will county for the execution of Novak, who at the last moment was reprieved and sent to prison for life. Later it was taken to LaSalle county for the execution of Ford, the murderer of a young woman of the name of Wilson.

The gallows was built by the man who built the one in Cook county from which the Haymarket murderers swung. The place of execution is a house built on the south side of the jail. The building is twenty-five feet wide and forty feet long, capable of accommodating 200 spectators.

On the Rialto.

Heavy Tragedian—I see the striking railroad men are being paid salaries. I've a notion to join them.

Light Comedian—Ain't you satisfied with being a walking delegate?

Foolish Extravagance.

"Is Cashley very extravagant in his habits?"

"Great guns, yes! He pays for everything he gets!"—Inter Ocean.

WILL ISSUE BONDS.

The Step Decided on by the Administration—Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Yesterday Secretary Carlisle gave authoritative utterance to the policy that has been foreshadowed for several days past by issuing a circular inviting proposals for \$50,000,000 5 per cent bonds, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the government, after ten years from the date of issue. The bonds are to be issued under the authority conveyed in the resumption act of 1875, and will not be floated at a price lower than the equivalent of a 3 per cent bond.

Five per cents were decided on because under the resumption act they are the shortest term bonds that can be issued. Secretary Carlisle's circular is as follows:

"By virtue of the authority contained in the act entitled 'An act to provide for the resumption of specie payments,' approved Jan. 14, 1875, the secretary of the treasury hereby offers for public subscription an issue of bonds of the United States to the amount of \$50,000,000 in either registered or coupon form, in denominations of \$50 and upwards, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the government after ten years from the date of their issue and bearing interest payable quarterly in coin at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

"Proposals for the whole or any part of these bonds will be received at the treasury department, office of the secretary, until 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st day of February, 1894. Proposals should state the amount of bonds desired, whether registered or coupon, and the premium which the subscriber proposes to pay, the place where it is desired that the bonds shall be delivered, and the office, whether that of the treasurer of the United States or an assistant treasurer of the United States, where it will be most convenient for the subscriber to deposit the amount of his subscription. Failure to specify the above particulars may cause the proposal to be rejected.

"As soon as practicable after the 1st day of February, 1894, the allotment of bonds will be made to the highest bidders therefor, but no proposal will be considered at a lower price than 117.223, which is the equivalent of a 3 per cent bond at par, and the right to reject any and all proposals is hereby expressly reserved. In case the bids entitled to allotment exceed the bonds to be issued, they will be allotted pro rata.

"Notices of the date of delivery of the bonds will be sent to the subscribers to whom allotments are made as soon as practicable, and within ten days from the date of such notice subscriptions must be paid in United States gold coin to the treasurer or such assistant treasurer of the United States as the subscriber has designated, and if not so paid the proposal may be rejected.

"The bonds will be dated Feb. 1, 1894, and when payment is made therefor as above, accrued interest on both principal and premium from Feb. 1, 1894, to date of payment, at the rate of interest realized to the subscriber on his investment, will be added.

"All proposals should be addressed to the secretary of the treasury, Washington, D. C., and should be distinctly marked 'Proposals for subscriptions to 5 per cent bonds.'

"J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary."

THE NATIONAL TREASURY.

Statement of the Assets and Demand Liabilities Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The statement of the United States treasury showing the classified assets of the treasury and demand liabilities yesterday is as follows:

ASSETS.	
Gold coin and bullion.....	\$147,892,304
Silver dollars and bullion.....	336,740,433
Silver dollars and bullion, act	
July 14, 1890.....	153,103,429
Fractional silver and minor coin	13,376,446
United States notes.....	47,298,335
United States treasury notes.....	2,537,488
Gold certificates.....	114,380
Silver certificates.....	6,230,054
National bank notes.....	14,603,297
Deposits with national depositories.....	
General account.....	11,313,063
Disbursing officers' balances.....	4,108,449
Total.....	\$737,267,089
LIABILITIES.	
Gold certificates.....	\$ 72,371,700
Silver certificates.....	355,787,504
United States Treasury notes.....	133,103,151
Currency certificates.....	40,385,000
Disbursing officers' balances.....	
Agency accounts, etc.....	45,954,326

LEGISLATION TAKES A RECESS UNTIL

Next Tuesday Afternoon.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 18.—Both branches of the general assembly yesterday adopted a resolution for adjournment from to-day until next Tuesday afternoon, to give the visiting committees an opportunity to make their trips to the different state institutions.

The election of Gov. Gear to the United States senate, by the votes of yesterday, was formerly declared in joint session.

Bills were introduced in the senate as follows: By Mr. Conway, governing mutual building and loan associations; by Mr. Lewis, regulating costs of appeals in highway cases; by Mr. Turner, relating to damages done by dogs in killing domestic animals; by Mr. Vale, for support of the weather and crop service. The committee on suppression of intemperance was increased to fifteen members, and Messrs. Harmon, Harsh and Waterman were added. In the house the report of the committee on rules was adopted, making little change.

LECTURER SIMMS SEVERELY HURT.

A. P. A. SPEAKER STONED BY A MOB AT KAUKAUNA.

Two Hundred Men Assaulted Him, and a Sheriff's Posse Was Called Out—Mayor Asked For Troops, Which Request Was Refused—The Outbreak Was Expected Before.

APPLETON, Jan. 18.—[Special]—Major Simms, the A. P. A. lecturer, was mobbed at Kaukauna last night by two hundred people and was seriously hurt by showers of stones. The mayor called for a sheriff posse and asked the governor for troops which request was refused. The excitement is intense. The outbreak was not unexpected. Simms has been lecturing all the week at Kaukauna. He hired the skating rink opera house, but when the manager learned what it was to be used for he cancelled the contract and Prof. Simms was obliged to hunt another hall, finally securing the Baptist church. On the first evening a large crowd of anti-A. P. A.'s assembled outside of the church and the police say that had one of those inside sneezed at an inopportune moment a riot would have been precipitated.

FIRE AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Plant of the American Cereal Company Destroyed—Loss \$50,000.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 18.—Fire early yesterday destroyed the plant of the American Cereal company, located at the corner of Sixth avenue south and First street, involving a loss of about \$50,000 and throwing over one hundred persons out of employment. The building is owned by the Pettibone Breakfast Food company. It is of brick, four stories in height and was well equipped with machinery.

Rival Senates Meet in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 18.—The two senates met yesterday, the republican body in the assembly chamber. Neither organization had a quorum. The republicans adjourned until 2 o'clock p. m. and again until Monday and the democrats until Monday evening. Some of the republican leaders favor holding a joint meeting at once for the election of a state controller and a state treasurer and then adjourning sine die.

Election to Be Contested.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—Legal proceedings will be instituted to-day or to-morrow by the republican executive committee to contest the election of Mayor Hopkins. The filing of the papers at this time will be done in order to comply with the statutory provision that such contests must be instituted before thirty days have elapsed since the issuance of the election certificate.

Chris Evans' Partner.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Jan. 18.—Ed Morrell, the young waiter who aided Chris Evans, the notorious California bandit, to escape at Fresno, Cal., and is now with him, is Frank Morey, son of the wealthiest farmer in this county. He was educated in the schools here. Before he went to California a year ago he forged his mother's name to a check for \$100 and cashed it.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Millers' association of Iowa elected E. A. Consigny president.

Flesh, Prugh & Co's. clothing store at Piqua, Ohio, was robbed of goods valued at \$600.

A Citizens' league has been organized at Sioux City, Iowa, to help purify the local politics.

Henry Heist was hanged at Gettysburg, Pa., for the murder of Emanuel Mona nearly a year ago.

Bethel Cole shot and killed George Creamer in Carbondale, Ala. Cole found his wife with Creamer in a hotel.

Attorney-General Olney has received the resignation of United States Marshal Knott of the northern district of Iowa.

At her home in Burton, Mo., Lillie Tribble, aged 18, daughter of William Tribble, committed suicide by shooting.

John Smith, an engineer, was instantly killed by the explosion of the boiler in Rader's sawmill at Lawrenceville, Ill.

Robert Foster killed Clay Hudson and a negro workman of Hudson's at Lafayette, Ala. A lawsuit was the cause of the murder.

The United States District court at Madison, Wis., returned a verdict of \$400 for Knute Anderson against M. C. and John Burke.

The State Lumbermen's association of Arkansas at a meeting in Little Rock memorialized congress to retain the duty on lumber.

James Kelley and William Cameron of Chicago have been arrested at Lebanon, Ind., charged with attempting to hold up S. S. Heath, a grain dealer.

Henry Singleton and Horace Smith, negroes, have been convicted of murder at Jackson, Miss., and will be sentenced to be hanged. Both crimes were committed while the men were life convicts.

Engineer Woolley was released at Battle Creek, Mich., and the charge of manslaughter for causing the railroad wreck at that place dismissed. The prosecuting attorney believed it would be impossible to convict him as Conductor Scott had been acquitted.

MAYO'S SAD DEATH FROM PARALYSIS.

FOUND BY THE ROADSIDE HE SOON EXPIRES.

Milton Junction Couple Celebrate Their Sixty-Second Anniversary--Three of Their Great Grand Children Present and Three of Twenty-One Grand Children.

COOKSVILLE, Jan. 17.—The death of Joseph Mayo, last Saturday evening, though expected, cast a gloom over our village. Just one week after he was found insensible, he breathed his last. The best of care and all that skilled physicians could do were of no avail, and a loved friend and kind neighbor has passed away. He was seventy years old, and leaves a wife to mourn his loss. E. T. Stoneburner and wife are in Avon visiting their daughter. They will go from there to Beloit to visit their sons, R. Barrett of Minneapolis, and Dr. Red Wolf of Magnolia, are guests at W. H. Wells'. Mrs. V. A. Clark of Iowa, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Preston. The I. O. G. T. has come to life again and Friday evening, Jan. 19 held their thirty-third anniversary. A fine program of recitations, readings and songs filled the literary part of the evening, after which a box social filled the stomachs and all had a nice time. The damp foggy weather the past few days has made the roads pretty soft, but the tobacco is all right. J. P. Vanbleek is going into the hen business the coming summer is building new hen houses and is going to fence off a large park to keep his hens at home. Wayne Graves was seventeen years old last Monday and in the evening his many friends surprised him. After an evening of games, fun and refreshments all went home happy. After standing empty two years or more the old mill has an occupant this winter, a Norwegian without a home has taken possession. An old stove that was there is used for fire, and he lives and sleeps as best he may, on the floor or standing up. Who owns the mill, anyway? The boys and girls have had the skating fever the past week, the ice was in splendid condition and the fun "numerous."

MARRIED SIXTY-TWO YEARS. Milton Junction Couple Celebrate an Unusual Anniversary.

MILTON JUNCTION, Jan. 17.—Uncle Henry and Aunt Mercy Garthwaite celebrated their sixty-second wedding anniversary on Sunday, January 14, at the home of their son, Arson C. Garthwaite. There were present only three of their six living children, three of their twenty-one grand-children and three of their ten great grand children. Uncle Henry had reached the ripe age of 88, Friday January 12 and Aunt Mercy was 85 October 3. There are but few couples that travel life's journey together for that length of time. A letter has been received from Dr. F. O. Burdick, who with his wife and daughter left here Wednesday far North Loupe, Nebraska, for the purpose of practicing his profession as a physician. The doctor said they arrived at their destination on Thursday evening all safe and sound to the joy of their friends. Mrs. R. Hill is somewhat better. Mrs. Ira Pellant was thought to be some better last week, but Monday she was taken worse again. The Milton Junction Literary society are holding their meeting again. Our School Superintendent Hon. David Thorne was in town the first of the week. Died on the eve of January 12, 1894, of whooping cough and pneumonia, little Harriet Flossie, daughter of Benjamin and Ida I. Thomas, aged one year. The funeral services were held at the Seventh Day Baptist church on Sunday January 14, conducted by Rev. Burdick. Charles Dittmer left Tuesday for Mankato, Minnesota. A washerwoman of this place has during the past year done three hundred and twenty-one family washings, laundered four hundred and seventy shirts, four hundred and eight collars and one hundred and fourteen cuffs.

Bundling Center Tobacco.

CENTER, Jan. 18.—This damp weather will make a finish of taking down tobacco, and all of the crop will be in the bundle in a short time. Missionary meeting at the parsonage Wednesday afternoon. Last Wednesday night about forty of Center's popular young people assembled at the residence of David Lowry and sprung a surprise on Frank, which proved to be a very pleasant affair. Benjamin Worthington, an old and respected citizen passed away Sunday, after a prolonged illness, he being afflicted with paralysis. The funeral took place Tuesday, the interment being at Bethel cemetery. The marriage of William Dolis and Miss Edith Drefahl took place last week, and many friends congratulated them. The church social will be held at the spacious residence of John Snyder, Friday night. A cordial invitation is extended to all. The state lecturer of the Wisconsin Suffrage society will deliver a free lecture in the Methodist church, Friday evening. Rev. Goodacre will be assisted in his meetings by Rev. Max Sweeney after Tuesday night. One of our enterprising young men went trapping and had his traps stolen, but caught the offenders much to their chagrin.

NORTH JOHNSTOWN NEWS. NORTH JOHNSTOWN, Jan. 17.—The ladies aid society will give a free entertainment at the Baptist church next Thursday evening, after which they will serve a cyser supper for 25

cents each. All are invited. The monthly mission concert will be held at the church next Sunday evening. Mrs. George Johnson enjoyed a visit from her brother and sister from Whitewater last Saturday and Sunday. Frank Fuller and Bennie Haines were on the sick list last week. Miss Nettie Barker returned to her home in Baraboo, last Saturday morning. Mr. and Mrs. S. Bullock of Whitewater, are visiting at C. W. Bullock's. There will be meetings at the U. B. church, commencing Thursday evening and continuing over the Sabbath. The ladies aid society of the Methodist church will meet with Mrs. George Fuller on Friday evening of this week. Mr. and Mrs. Will Johnson of Milton Junction, spent Sunday at Mr. Brotherton's.

TWO BIG FACTORIES SOLD. Beloit Transfer Increase The Aggregate of This Week's Business.

The aggregate consideration of real estate transactions this week are swelled by the transfers of the Williams Elgin and the Eclipse Wind Engine Co. Beloit plants to Fairbanks, Morse & Co. The consideration named \$96,000. The other transactions number seven and increase the aggregate consideration but a little, the total amount being \$114,050. The sales are detailed by Register Valentine as follows: Geo. E. Tripp to Joseph B. Porter, pt. sw 1/4 sec. 4, town Rock, Beloit, \$515. Ed. A. Burdick and wife to A. S. Phillips, pt. lot 4 block 8, Swift's add, and pt. lot 11, block 2, Croft's add, Edgerton, 1,300. Flora E. Phillips to S. B. Halstead, lot 2, block 3, Rockport, Janesville, 1,600. E. G. Field and wife to Frank E. and James S. Field, part lots 144, 145, and 178, Smith, Bailey & Stone's add, Janesville, 800. Geo. E. W. Marsden and wife to S. G. Lawson, part lots 306 and 307, Pease's 2d add, Janesville, 400. Geo. M. Hoyt and wife to Louis H. Hibbins, lot 13 block 4, Walker's add, Beloit, 1,035. Thos. E. Rice and wife to Wm. W. Taylor, e 1/4 nw 1/4 sec 12, town Johnston, 5,200. Williams Engine and Clutch Works to Fairbanks, Morse & Co., block 6, Wheelock's land adjoining, Beloit, 26,000. Eclipse Wind Engine Co. to Fairbanks, Morse & Co., 25.82 acres in sec. 25 town Beloit, 70,000.

NO CHANGE IN GRAIN MARKETS.

During the Past Week Prices Ruled Steady for Wheat, Rye, Barley and Corn.

Receipts of grain were about the same during the past week as the week previous, and the market ruled steady for wheat, rye, corn and barley. Oats declined \$1.00 with sales at 21 to 25 cents for white. Barley is in fair demand for all grades, good to choice samples selling at 42 to 45 cents and common to fair at 35 to 40 cents. Hogs selling today at \$1.65 to \$5.20.

Flour—\$5c @ 1.00 per sack. WHEAT—Good to choice milling 50c@55c; shipping grades 45c@50c. RYE—In good request at 45c@47c per 60 lbs. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—\$4.00 per 100. BARLEY—Ranges at 35c@45c; according to quality. CORN—Shelled 60 lbs. 28c@30c; ear, per 75 lbs., 27c@28c. OATS—White, 24c@25c. GRAIN FEED—80c@90c per 100 lbs. MEAL—80c per 100 lbs. Bolted \$1.50. BEAN—70c per 100 lbs. \$1.40 per ton. MIDDLING—70c per 100, \$14.00 per ton. HAY—Timothy per ton—\$7.00; other kinds \$5.00 @ \$7.00. STRAW—per ton—\$3.00 @ \$5.50. GREEN SEED—\$1.75 @ \$2.25 per bushel. TIMOTHY SEED—\$1.20 @ \$1.35. POTATOES—new at 50c @ 55c per bushel. WOOT—Salable at 17c@19c for washed and 10c @ 15c for unwashed. BUTTER—Good supply at 18c@20c. EGGS—10c @ 20c for fresh. HIDES—Green 20c@25c. Dry 15c@20c. CALFS—Range at 30c@60c each. POULTRY—Turkeys 9c@11c; chickens 7c@9c. LIVE STOCK—Hogs \$1.65 @ \$5.20 per 100 lbs. Cattle 2.00 @ \$4.00.

Quickest Route to California.

If you desire to attend the Midwinter fair at San Francisco or any part of California, and wish to make the trip in the quickest and most comfortable manner, be sure that your ticket reads via the Chicago & Northwestern, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Rys. Palace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars leave Chicago daily and run through to San Francisco via Council Bluffs, Omaha and Ogden without change, in three and one half days all meals en route being served in dining cars. Tourist sleeping cars, offering an exceptionally favorable opportunity for making the trip in a most comfortable and economical manner, are also run, and completely equipped berths can be procured by passengers holding either first or second class tickets, at a cost of only \$4 per berth from Chicago (or \$3 per berth from Council Bluffs or Omaha) to San Francisco and other California points. Variable route excursion tickets and first and second class one-way tickets are now on sale via the Northwestern line at extremely low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Notice Tobacco Growers.

Owing to the dullness of the tobacco market, we beg to say that we will open our several packing houses and will sort and pack your leaf. We will furnish money to pay for labor and cases without interest, for a reasonable length of time.

We have the best facilities for handling the leaf. Our G. L. Green being East, we are in an especially good position to effecting sales of the same.

We respectfully solicit your work and do all in our power to please you, both in handling and selling the goods. Office E. F. Carpenter, block, on the bridge. Respectfully yours, J. L. & M. F. GREEN, Janesville, Wis.

On Tuesday, January 23, a dance will be given at the new creamery known as the Harmony creamery, situated on the forks of the east Milton and Milton Junction road, three miles north of Janesville. All are cordially invited. Tickets 50 cents.

Buy DREAMS GERMAN 25 cents

Buy CURTIS Palmer & Stevens

THE ADAMS IS OUT OF THE C. M. & ST. P.

AN IMPORTANT DEAL CONSUMMATED LAST NIGHT.

The United States Express Company To Occupy the Milwaukee & St. Paul Road and Branches, Withdrawing From the Chicago & Northwestern and Its Branches.

Janesville will soon be without an agency of the Adams Express Company. Beginning February 1 the United States Express company will occupy the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad and its branches, withdrawing from the Chicago & Northwestern railroad in favor of the American Express company.

This shuts out the Adams and its offices throughout the state will be closed.

The new arrangement will be a surprise in both express and railroad circles. The final details were completed yesterday by ex-Senator Platt president of the United States company, who returned to New York last night, satisfied that he had dealt a rival company a body blow, and that he had made a good bargain for his company, which succeeds to the business of the Adams on the Great St. Paul system.

The Adams company's three years contract for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company's business expires February 1 and there has been the keenest rivalry for this important business for the next three years.

REV. E. H. PENCE TO BE INSTALLED

Madison Presbytery Will Receive Him Next Tuesday Evening.

The presbytery of Madison will convene in the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening next, January 23, at 7 p. m., for the purpose of receiving Rev. E. H. Pence, from the presbytery of Denver, Colorado, and installing him as pastor of this church. Rev. C. L. Richards, of Baraboo, is moderator and Rev. Dr. W. F. Brown, stated clerk. The order of exercises will probably be:

Prayer of installation by Dr. Brown.

Sermon by Rev. J. W. Cochran, of Madison.

Charge to pastor by Dr. J. H. Ritchey, of Portage.

Charge to people by Rev. Charles Merrill, of Beloit.

The public are invited to these services commencing at 7:30 p. m.

Attention Tobacco Growers.

The Rock County Tobacco Growers Association have made ample arrangements at their several association warehouses to handle goods the present season for \$1 per hundred. This includes first class work, sizing packages etc., and storage for one year. We have contracted for cases and will furnish patrons good seasoned cases at 65 and 70 cents. Our insurance rates are as low as the lowest. Our facilities for selling both domestic and export goods are as good as the leaf trade affords. We aim to give our patrons the best of satisfaction and believe in liberal advertisement. Your patronage is solicited.

ENTERTAINMENTS AT THE GROVE.

EMERALD GROVE, Jan. 17.—The Young People's Society Christian Endeavor of the Congregational church have arranged for the following course of entertainments—February 2, Janesville male quartette and orchestra; February 16—Lecture by Prof. H. M. Whitney of Beloit college, subject: "The Law of Restraint;" March 2—Stereoscopic entertainment by G. Hammond; March 16—Male quartette and reader from Beloit college; March 30—Home talent. The price for the course is seventy-five cents or twenty-five cents for single admission.

Notes From the Grove.

EMERALD GROVE, Jan. 17.—Gillies & Jones are taking their annual inventory. Rev. T. S. Odams, well known to us all, will deliver his popular lecture "The City of the Caesars and Its Environs" on Jan. 23 in the Congregational church. This lecture is illustrated by beautiful lime light and should be well attended. Miss Nettie Rogers, of Clinton, is visiting her friends, Misses Jennette and Ella McArthur. Choppers began cutting a large quantity of cord wood on the Williams estate this week. Our village is soon to have a first class meat market.

The Puzzle Solved.

Perhaps no local disease has puzzled and baffled the medical profession more than nasal catarrh. While not immediately fatal it is among the most noxious and disgusting ills the flesh is heir to, and the records show very few or no cases of radical cure of chronic catarrh by any of the many modes of treatment until the introduction of Ely's Cream Balm a few years ago. The success of this preparation has been most gratifying and surprising. No druggist is without it.

Late Arrivals.

Many new goods arrived at Wheelock's too late to open for the holiday trade. Whole packages of French China from Haviland's factory, of Wheelock's own importation, are just in. Call and look them over. The prices will be right. Also, new cut glasses, silverware, and new fancy pieces. Try MacBeth's lead glass chimneys.

We have still on hand many choice styles in ladies' winter cloaks and rather than carry them over we will slaughter prices. T. B. Burns.

NEW SECRET ORDER FORMED HERE

John I. Wiley Made Division Commander of the Loyal Americans.

Last month representatives of thirty-seven states met in Chicago and perfected details for the organization of the Ancient Order of Loyal Americans, and elected national officers. Each state will constitute a division and each county a brigade. Local societies will be known as companies. John I. Wiley, of this city, has been appointed division commander for Wisconsin, and Janesville will be the headquarters in this state. Commanders have been appointed in forty-two states and active work of local organization will begin on Monday, January 22. The promoters confidently predict that the order will have greater numerical strength than any similar organization. Its membership will include all class, professional men, farmers, mechanics and laborers. The order is political and secret but not secret politically, and all questions of political character will be discussed in public meetings, the secret work being confined to two advanced degrees which will be purely social and fraternal. The aim of the order is probably made clear in the following declaration of the basic principles:

1. The equal legal and political rights of all loyal Americans. 2. The prosecution as traitors of all armed forces not recognized by the constitution. 3. The establishment of postal savings banks. 4. The absolute non-interference of any foreign power in American industries or American finance. 5. Governmental ownership or control of all natural monopolies. 6. The reclaiming of all unearned land grants, the same to be held as homesteads for actual settlers. 7. Government issue of all money in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis. 8. The referendum of all legislation of vital importance. 9. The exclusion of all European criminal and pauper labor. 10. The making of bribery a capital crime to be dealt with as treason against the national government.

This declaration of principles is subject to change by a vote of the order when the organization is more advanced. That the order will exert a powerful influence in the interest of the masses and in preventing the enactment of laws that encroach upon the rights of the people is the conviction of the promoters.

The national headquarters of the order must be Washington, D. C. A publishing house and temporary headquarters are already employed at Lansing, Mich.

Mr. Wiley, the division commander for Wisconsin, will appoint a brigade commander for Rock county, who will proceed with the local organization next Monday.

Clearing Sale at Ziegler's.

Until Feb. 1, we will offer all children's suits at \$2.50 that formerly sold at \$5. \$6 suits, sold go at \$3; all \$6.50, \$7 and \$8 suits at \$5. You were never offered a better chance to clothe your boys. We are having a sale of men's suits and have made the price \$8. You can find single and double-breasted sack suits, cutaways, and frocks which formerly sold at \$12 to \$18, all good values and a splendid line to select from. These suits are broken lines and would be well worth twice the price we ask you. Pants are selling at \$3, worth \$4.50, \$5 and \$6. A sweeping reduction in every department. If you need clothing for yourself or children come at once as we shall positively not make these prices after Feb. 1.

T. J. ZIEGLER, Janesville, Wis. Cor. Main and Milwaukee Sts.

Closing Out Sale.

At the great mortgagees closing out sale of the Columbia, 2 and 4 Milwaukee street on the bridge, goods are almost given away. Prints from three to five cents; gingham 44 cents; canton flannels wide and good for four cents; cloaks at one-half former price. Boots and shoes all go the same way. This is an opportunity of a lifetime, and you should come at once before the stock is closed out and see what you can buy cheap.

Announcement.

The books of A. D. Sanborn & Co. will be closed Saturday, January 13. All accounts due the firm must be settled within thirty days. The business will be conducted in the future under the firm name of Charles A. Sanborn & Company. January 13, 1894.

Coffee.

Is rendered more wholesome and palatable if instead of using milk or cream you use the Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, or if you prefer it unsweetened, then Borden's Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream.

Modern Woodmen, Attention!

The Modern Woodmen will give a free literary entertainment and supper for the Woodmen and their families at Liberty Hall on Tuesday evening January 23. Come early and bring your lunch baskets and join with us in having a good time.

We are determined to close out our stock of winter underwear before the season is over, and to accomplish this result, we know there is nothing more effectual than low prices, therefore we will make prices that will hurry them off. T. B. Burns.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. WISLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for child teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

DON'T FORGET BURNS AS YEARS ROLL BY.

ROCK COUNTY SCOTCHMEN TRUE TO THEIR BARD.

Anniversary Celebration This Month Will Be One of the Best—Captain Jack Crawford, the Poet Scout, Will Take Part—Miss Kate Campbell Also Engaged.

The programme for the celebration of Burns' anniversary at the armory Friday evening, January 26, will begin promptly at 7:30 and has been made out as follows:

- PROGRAMME.
1. Overture—"Scotch Airs"—Smith's Orchestra
 2. President's Welcome—Dr. James Mills
 3. Song—"The Cottage Where Burns Was Born"—Miss Margaret Flaws
 4. Recitation—"The Highlandman's Toast"—Miss Kate Campbell
 5. Address—"Robert Burns"—Malcolm G. Jeffris, Esq.
 6. "Bronchitis vs. Bicycles"—Prof. F. W. Spencer
 7. "Capt. Jack Crawford, the Poet Scout"—Pinsuti, Mrs. S. B. Lewis
 8. "The Roll Call"—Pinsuti, Mrs. S. B. Lewis
 9. Short Address—Governor G. W. Peek
 10. Humorous Scotch Reading—"The Star o' Bobbie Burns"—Miss Margaret Flaws
 11. Violin Solo and Banjo Accompaniment—Prof. and Master Herbert Spencer
 12. Reading—"Old Auld"—Miss Kate Campbell
 13. Song—"The Watcher"—Mrs. S. B. Lewis
 14. "A Cowboy's Dream"—Capt. Jack Crawford
 15. Auld Lang Syne—By the Company

CAPT. NORCROSS IS DIRECTOR.

Janesville Man Honored by the Northwestern Electrical Association.

Captain Pliny Norcross has been made a director of the Northwestern Electrical Association. H. C. Thom, formerly of this city, is secretary. Mr. Thom is manager of the Four Lakes Electric Lighting company in Madison as well as chairman of the republican state committee.

The Northwestern Association is an indication of the spread of electrical companies in Wisconsin in the past twelve months. A year ago the association had only ten members, but now it has about one hundred, each of whom represents some electric company or exchange.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

For diaries and calendars, call at Sutherland's bookstore.

PELOUBETS Notes on Sunday School Lessons, '94, at Sutherland's.

LLOYD & SON have the finest stock of boots and shoes in the city, in the room formerly occupied by Burns & Boland, in the Phoenix block, opposite the post office. These boots and shoes are all the finest makes and can be bought for actual cost for the next thirty days to introduce them. Don't delay.

Cainville Small Talk.

CAINVILLE, Jan. 17.—Warren Cain, who has been confined to his bed with the grip, is able to be out. Mr. Harper is not yet able to teach. Tobacco stripping is nearly all done, but there is no show for selling. Floyd McCoy says he has more tobacco this year than ever before. Mr. Loury, of the Town of Center, had a reception for his son Frank and his handsome young bride last Wednesday.

An Unseen Enemy

Is more to be dreaded than an open and visible one. That subtle and lurking foe, which under the generic name of malaria manifests itself, when it clutches us in its tenacious grasp, in the various forms of chills and fever, bilious remittent, du bague or ague cake, can only be effectually guarded against by fortifying the system against its insidious attacks with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a thorough antidote to the poison of miasma in the system, and a safeguard against it thoroughly to be relied upon. In the event of a malarious attack, avoid poisoning your system with quinine, and use instead this wholesome remedy, unobjectionable in taste and far more efficacious than any drug. Use the Bitters for dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, kidney complaints and rheumatism.

About a year ago I took a violent attack of la grippe. I coughed day and night for about six weeks; my wife then suggested that I try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. At first I could see no difference, but still kept taking it, and soon found that it was what I needed. If I got no relief from one dose I took another, and it was only a few days until I was free from the cough. I thought people in general ought to know the value of this remedy, and I take pleasure in acknowledging the benefit I have received from it. Madison, Mustard, Oway, Ohio. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Chamberlain & Stevens, Druggists.

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

WHY?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old, or in any way adulterated. It is grand in sickness and convalescence, or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by druggists and physicians. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby," don't let dealers impose on you with something "just as good." Sold only in bottles; price, quarts \$1, pints 60 cts. Bottled by Royal Wine Co. Sold by Stearns & Baker

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A DAILY BIT OF FUN.

Gauged.



The Sweetest—Do you love me more than you ever loved any other girl, George?

The Dearest—Yes; I know I do by the sickening fear I have whenever I see your father.—Truth.

A New Year Dawns On Ragged Lawns, Etc.

We will give you a little light where to purchase until March 1.

CHEAP. An elegant line of Push Caps 75c. We pay \$9.00 a dozen for them. Can buy Wool caps at 25 cents. Only a few left. Cost us not less.

Lined gloves and mittens at actual cost. Broken sizes in underwear even lower than above.

NOW OUR REASONS.

What we carry now to next season is old to us and we then start them at cost. Why not do it now and have the use of something until then. We both make by the transaction.

Can You See Where

It will be a difficult task to figure any profit on those goods when you get our prices. Our veracity has never been questioned. Do you doubt it? Let us prove it. KNEFF & ALLEN, "Honest Dealers."

AN AFFECTIONATE FAREWELL



SCENE FROM OUR NEW SERIAL

FOES IN AMBUSH

BY Capt. Charles King

A Story of Love and Adventure

ON THE PLAINS OF ARIZONA

IN THIS PAPER

A NEW COAL FIRM!

J. W. HODGDON & CO., Keep on hand all kinds of SOFT and HARD COAL, at Smith & Gateley's old stand on North Bluff Street. Come and see us.

Shepp's "World's Fair Photographs"

Jan. 18, 1894. (NOTE—Date Changed Every Day.)

Cut this Coupon and keep in until four of different days are accumulated, then forward them together with

ten cents in silver or a similar amount in one or two-cent postage stamps

and you will receive the elegant portfolio of views as advertised.

Portfolios by mail two cents extra.

Can Catarrh Be Cured!

Can the Deaf be Made to Hear

Can the Blind be Made to See

These are Three Leading Questions that just now agitate the public mind and inspire the afflicted with hope. In answer to the first question

= Dr. H. A. McChesney, =

Says Emphatically Yes, the same as any other disease that is caused by impurities in the blood. The doctor treats this aggravating disease scientifically, and rarely ever fails to give permanent satisfaction. In answering the second question,

Can the Deaf Be Made to Hear?

He says just as **Emphatically, Yes,** where the deafness results from catarrhal trouble, or any other, that does not destroy the drum of the ear. The doctor claims that **90 per cent.** of all the deaf people are curable, and he fully substantiates this claim by the people that he is now treating at his office in the Wilcox Block. As to the third question

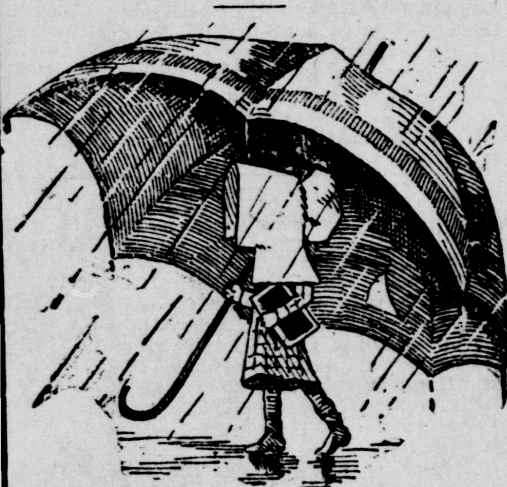
Can the Blind Be Made to See?

He says **Yes, in many cases.** He claims that Cataract, Cross-Eyes and many other diseases of the Eye are readily cured, and that thousands of people who wear glasses could throw them away after proper treatment.

Doctor McChesney's office is thronged with patients every day, and he is meeting with wonderful success. He does not attempt impossibilities, but he does treat special diseases in his line scientifically, and his patients give him the strongest endorsement. The doctor is permanently located in Janesville, and the people are not slow to recognize his skill.

OFFICE IN WILCOX BLOCK--CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE!

A TRIFLE UNDER THE WEATHER.



Man's Vanity.

"Do you mean to say," said one woman to another, "that your husband will get up in the middle of the night to chase burglars?"

"Yes."

"How did you manage it?"

"I made him believe I think he is a hero, and he thinks that by going downstairs with the poker he is keeping up a very large reputation at a comparatively small risk."—Washington Star.

Thoroughly Qualified.

Mme. Boiron questions a young servant girl who is applying for a position. "Have you been in service a long time?"

"Hardly twelve months."

"And have you any good characters show?"

"Good characters," said the girl, "I have a bundle of papers out of her pocket. 'I've already got thirty-two!' Almanach du Charivari.

Difficult Feats.

Husband (triumphantly)—I've done it. I have played two games of chess and folded.

Wife—Well, I'd like to run out for an hour. Suppose you mix the head, mind the baby, stir the pudding, taste the roast, watch the vegetables, answer the door bell for awhile, you needn't be blindfolded.—N. Y. Weekly.

Understood It.

Teacher—"Let me write the songs of a nation, I care not who makes the laws." "You understand that?"

Bright Boy—Yes'm. Lots of congressmen died poor, but the composer "After the Ball" made a hundred thousand.—

A Popular Composer.

At the concert: Mrs. Malapropas—Who is the author of this symphony?

Mrs. Parvaynew (consulting programme)—I've forgotten. Oh, here it is—Allergro Moderato. He seems to like so many things, you know.—Chicago Record.

Not Disposed to Be Obstinate.

Employer—There is a difference, sir, of \$250 between the amount of money your books show to be on hand and the amount actually on hand. What have you to say, sir?

Employee—I'm willing to settle it.

the difference to arbitration.—Chicago Tribune.

Unselfish Love.

He—If you loved me would you marry me while I am poor?

She—You do me injustice. I love you too much to have your precious health risked by my cooking. Wait until you can afford to keep servants.—Life.

Bright Prospects.

Mrs. Craik—I look so well in black that it seems almost a pity you can never live to enjoy seeing me wear it. Craik (cheerfully)—Don't worry about that, my dear; I expect to outlive your mother.—Puck.

—Life.

That's Why He Played.

Tom—What on earth do you play poker with that fellow for? He can't play.

Johnson (raking in the stakes)—I know it. That's why I play with him.—Yankee Blade.

Talking Shop.

Miss Boston—I presume, of course, you are fond of horse-flesh?

Miss Bluegrass (coolly)—Well, really, don't you know, I never ate any.—Detroit Free Press.

Knew Better Than That.

Husband—Great heavens, my dear! You don't mean to say you have bought me cigars for my birthday.

Wife—Certainly not, my dear; (proudly) I had them charged.—Truth.

She'll Reform Him.

Minister—You say you are going to marry a man to reform him. That is noble. May I ask you who it is?

Miss Beati—It's young Mr. Bond-clipper.

"Indeed! I did not know he had any bad habits."

"Yes, his friends say that he is becoming quite miserly."—N. Y. Weekly.

An Accommodating Friend.

"Can you let me have five dollars? I left all my money at home and I haven't a cent with me," said Johnnie Fewscads to his friend, Hostetter McGinnis.

"Sorry I can't lend you five dollars. But here is a nickel car fare. You can ride home and get your money," replied Hostetter.—Texas Siftings.

Theory and Practice.

Cora—There is the great suffrage agitator who believes that women should have equal rights with men.

Merritt—I thought as much. There was a long line at the ticket window, and she shoved her way in at the head of it because she was a woman.—Puck.

Extraordinary Precaution.

Hotel Clerk—Did you tell that old gentleman from the country that he mustn't blow out the gas, as I told you?

Barney (new boy)—Yes, sorr; but it's so afeard to thrust him Oi was, sorr. Oi blowed it owt meself, sorr.—Judge.

A New York Episode.

Prison Missionary—My poor fellow, what are you in here for?

Prisoner—For not havin' political influence to get me out.—Brooklyn Life.

The Wherefore of It.

"I wonder why Salter doesn't marry."

"He hasn't found the woman."

"Is he so very particular?"

"No—but the women are."—Brooklyn Life.

Immortal to Him.

Bluff—I look upon you, sir, as aascal.

Biff—You are privileged to look upon me in any character you desire to assume.—Vogue.

A Negative Virtue.

Haffan Haff—Here's one thing I like about this salt water, Docksie.

Docksie Ratz—What's that?

Haffan Haff—Tain't fit to drink.—Judge.

Those Girls.

Claire—Mr. Swabbert says I am the loveliest girl he knows in town.

Harriet—He must be a stranger here. Detroit Free Press.

Intelligent Readers will notice that

Tutt's Pills

are not "warranted to cure" all classes of diseases, but only such as result from a disordered liver, viz: Vertigo, Headache, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Costiveness, Bilious Colic, Flatulence, etc.

These they are not warranted to cure, but are as nearly so as it is possible to make a remedy. Price, 25cts. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL

Instant Killer of Pain.

Internal and External.

Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS Instantly. Cholera Morbus, Group, Diphtheria, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND. Specially prepared for the most powerful and penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large 50c size 50c, 50c size 25c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP.

Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Face Beautifier. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost complexion; is a luxury for the Bath for infants. It always itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

Smith's Pharmacy, Janesville.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

HAY-FEVER TRY THE CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 26 Warren St. New York.

Catarrh AND COLIC IN THE HEAD

Relieved instantly by one application of **Birney's Catarrh Powder**

Sold every where by druggists or direct by us. HON. A. M. EVET, Judge Supreme Court, Neb., writes: "I have used Birney's Catarrh Powder personally and in my family for several months, and find it the best remedy I have ever used. I can heartily recommend it to anyone afflicted with catarrh of the head."

Truly yours, A. M. Post.

REV. FATHER CLARKE, Sec'y to the Rt. Rev. Bishop of Columbus, Ohio, writes: "I have used your Catarrh Powder personally and in my family for some time, and find it gives instant relief in colic in the head and Catarrh of the head. I can heartily recommend it to anyone afflicted with colic in the head and Catarrh of the head. I will do anything to speak a good word for the truly helpful others who are suffering."

Yours with many thanks, Rev. Father Clarke.

You Blow THE POWDER

His Excellency Ex-Gov. J. A. B. B. of Neb., writes: "GENTLEMEN: I have used your Catarrh Powder personally and in my family for some time, and find it gives instant relief in colic in the head and Catarrh of the head. I can heartily recommend it to anyone afflicted with colic in the head and Catarrh of the head. I will do anything to speak a good word for the truly helpful others who are suffering."

Very truly yours, M. E. FERGUSON, Canadian U.S. Appraiser's Stores, Chicago, writes: "GENTLEMEN:—Being almost entirely deaf for a number of years past and getting no relief from many so-called cures which I tried, was induced by a friend to try Dr. Birney's Catarrh Powder for my deafness. Have recovered my hearing entirely, so that I can now hear a watch tick plainly, it being held 18 inches from my ear. I look upon it as a positive cure for deafness and have recommended its use to many of my friends and can say I have never heard of a case where it has failed to relieve."

Thankfully yours, Sold every where by druggists or direct by us. do you pay \$2 to \$5 for a catarrh remedy, when (at popular prices) Birney's Catarrh Powder is better than all others? No sneezing or irritating effects. Full size bottle of powder and blower, complete, Post-paid 50c. Neat and compact; can be carried in vest pocket.

Birney Catarrhal Powder Co.

22-FREE SAMPLE CHICAGO: Mailed to any address. 1236 Masonic Temple. Sold every where by druggists or direct by us.

WHY

RIP-AN-S TABLETS

REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD

RIP-AN-S TABLETS are the best medicine known for Indigestion, Bilelessness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Malaria, Bad Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Rip-AN-S Tablets contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Are pleasant to take, safe, effective, and give immediate relief. May be obtained by application to nearest druggist.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

'BROWN BROS.

G.A. R. NOTICE

We take this opportunity of informing our subscribers that the new Commissioner of Pensions has been appointed. He is an old soldier, and we believe that soldiers and their heirs will receive justice at his hands. We do not anticipate that there will be any radical changes in the administration of pension affairs under the new regime.

We would advise, however, that U. S. soldiers, sailors, and their heirs, take steps to make application at once, if they have not already done so, in order to secure the benefit of the early filing of their claims in case there should be any future pension legislation. Such legislation is seldom retrospective. Therefore it is of great importance that applications be filed in the department at the earliest possible time.

If U. S. Soldiers, or their widowed children, or parents desire information in regard to pension matters, that should write to the Press Claims Company at Washington, D. C., and they will prepare and send the necessary application, if they find them entitled under the numerous laws enacted for their benefit. Address: Press Claims Company, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, Washington, D. C. P. O. Box, 335.

CAUTION.—If a dealer offers W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without name stamped on bottom, put him down as a fraud.

\$5.00 **\$4.00** **\$3.50** **\$2.50** **\$2.25** **\$2.00** **\$1.75** **\$1.50** **\$1.25** **\$1.00** **\$0.75** **\$0.50** **\$0.25**

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below.

Catalogue free upon application. Address, W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

'BROWN BROS.

Railroad Time-Tables.

Chicago & Northwestern	LEAVE FOR	ARRIVE FROM
Chicago, Clinton.....	6:35 a.m.	9:25 p.m.
Chicago, Clinton, Sharon.....	6:35 p.m.	1:15 a.m.
Chicago, Clinton, Sharon.....	8:00 a.m.	8:25 p.m.
Chicago, Clinton, Sharon.....	12:40 p.m.	12:40 p.m.
Chicago, Elgin, Clinton, Beloit.....		12:13 p.m.
Chicago, Beloit, Rockford, Omaha.....	2:10 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Beloit, Caladonia, Rockford, Beloit, Rockford, DeKalb, Omaha.....	7:00 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Omaha.....	12:20 p.m.	9:12 p.m.
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona St. Paul, and Minneapolis.....	11:05 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Evansville, Madison, St. Paul & Duluth.....	1:20 a.m.	6:30 p.m.
Beloit.....	9:30 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Beloit, Watertown, Jefferson, Watertown, Green Bay, Milwaukee, Waukesha, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Madison, La Crosse.....	7:00 a.m.	10:10 p.m.
Beloit, Chicago.....	9:55 a.m.	5:35 p.m.
Madison, Elroy, Evansville.....	8:25 p.m.	9:05 a.m.
Daily, Sunday only. All other trains daily, except Sunday.		

Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	Leave For	Arrive From
Milwaukee, Whitewater, Waukesha and Chicago.....	7:15 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, Madison.....	9:55 a.m.	5:35 p.m.
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, Madison.....	4:45 p.m.	8:10 p.m.
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, Madison.....	10:00 a.m.	9:17 a.m.
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, Madison.....	4:20 p.m.	11:00 a.m.
Dakota, Iowa, Minnesota, Prairie du Chien, Whitewater, Edgerton and Madison, mixed.....	4:20 p.m.	7:40 p.m.
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, Beloit and Elkhorn, Racine.....	9:35 a.m.	9:20 a.m.
Beloit, Rockford, Rock Island, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque, Clinton, La., Omaha and west.....	1:10 p.m.	9:20 a.m.
Beloit, Rockford, Rock Island, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque, Clinton, La., Omaha and west.....	6:30 p.m.	4:20 p.m.
Sioux City, Omaha, Denver and west.....	1:10 p.m.	9:20 a.m.
train.....	6:30 p.m.	4:20 p.m.
Beloit and Rockford, (mixed).....	9:30 p.m.	9:20 a.m.
Monroe and Mineral Point.....	9:30 a.m.	9:25 a.m.
Monroe and Mineral Point.....	7:35 p.m.	4:20 p.m.
Monroe and Mineral Point (Sunday only).....	5:00 a.m.	4:25 p.m.
Sunday excepted on all trains.	7:15 a.m.	

MAILS ARRIVE AND CLOSE.	Arrive	Close
JANESVILLE MAIL.		
Chicago, East, West, South-west.....	6:00 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
North and Northwest.....	7:35 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Chicago, East, North and Northwest.....	9:40 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Chicago, North, East, West and General.....	12:40 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Chicago, East and all points North and West, via Madison.....	6:00 p.m.	8:30 p.m.
train.....	6:30 p.m.	8:10 p.m.
SUNDAY MAILS.....	11:30 a.m.	
Chicago, East, South and Southwest.....	6:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
North, Northwest, etc.....	7:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
MONDAY ONLY.....		
Chicago, East, West and South.....		7:00 a.m.
STAGE MAILS.....		
Johnstown and Richmond.....	11:30 a.m.	2:30 p.m.
Mineral Point and Fairfield.....	11:00 a.m.	2:00 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE AND CLOSE.

JANESVILLE MAIL.

Chicago, East, West, South-west.....

North and Northwest.....

Chicago, East, North and Northwest.....

Chicago, North, East, West and General.....

Chicago, East and all points North and West, via Madison.....

train.....

SUNDAY MAILS.....

Chicago, East, South and Southwest.....

North, Northwest, etc.....

MONDAY ONLY.....

Chicago, East, West and South.....

STAGE MAILS.....

Johnstown and Richmond.....

Mineral Point and Fairfield.....

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wis., as second class matter.

Terms of Subscription.
Daily edition, one year, \$6.00
Parts of a year, per month, 50
Weekly edition, one year, 1.50

Special Advertising Rates.
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

We publish free marriages, deaths and obituary notices, without poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.
We publish at half rates notices of church and society entertainment given for revenue.

THIS DAY IN HISTORY.

1701—Frederick I proclaimed king of Prussia.
1713—Archangelo Corelli, founder of the Italian school of violinists, died.
1782—Daniel Webster born at Salisbury, N. H.; died 1852.
1818—Richard Yates, war governor of Illinois and senator therefrom, born in Warsaw, Ky.; died 1873.
1855—Diving Mousse, wife of a famous Michigan and Canadian chief, died in London and was buried with honors of nobility.
1871—King William of Prussia crowned emperor of Germany at Versailles.
1873—Edward Bulwer, Lord Lytton, orator, poet and novelist, died; born 1807.
1875—Jean Francois Millet, French painter, died; born 1815.
1889—Ilma di Murska, opera singer of note in America and Europe, died in Munich; born 1834.

INDESCRIPTIBLE FINANCING.

The democracy maintains well its reputation as a party utterly incapable of appreciating the first principles of finance. It is to be found fault with not merely for not having the best policy, but for not having any policy at all. The most elementary problems find it as helpless as a babe. No matter what revenue policy we are to follow, no matter whether the Wilson bill passes or fails, no matter whether the income tax is adopted or rejected, these contingencies have nothing to do with an emergency now staring the country in the face, an actually existing deficit. However revenue may be adapted to expenditure for the future, it will not fill the gap that has been created already. There are bills due that must be paid. There are funds improperly drawn upon that must be restored. There is a hole of more than \$40,000,000 that must be stopped. And this deficit is increasing at a rate now of from \$7,000,000 to \$10,000,000 per month.

A VITAL DIFFERENCE.

Janesville ministers have done some of the best work for the prohibition party by avowing a sincere belief that "there is no vital difference between the two old parties." By this time they must have realized their mistake. Never has the difference between the "two old parties" been shown more plainly than in the last three months. When republicans had control of the government the public debt was decreased at about the same rate per month that it is now being increased. That should be difference enough to satisfy anybody which party's policy is for the country's good.

Nero fiddling while Rome burned wasn't "in it" with the indifference with which the wage-earners of the south see themselves degraded by those they have elected to congress. Many of them realize that shackles will be placed upon them by the Cleveland tariff bill, but they lack the moral courage to publicly protest.

Lillinkalani is now open to American dime museum engagements. She guarantees to reproduce the cannibalistic stare "at every performance which was on her face when she informed Minister Willis of her intention to behold the members of the provisional government.

So it was by mistake that Secretary Morton's speeches were dead-headed through the mails as official business. There seem to have been several mistakes connected with Mr. Morton's official life, and the greatest one was made when he was selected for secretary of agriculture.

The democrats in congress decided to separate the income tax from the tariff bill because of their fear that both would be defeated if they did not. Those having the welfare of the country at heart expect both to be defeated anyway.

Hasn't the democratic administration invariably proved to be a failure when confronted by the necessity of formulating affirmative legislation and dealing with practical interests in a sensible and judicious manner?

Very quiet the president is keeping with regard to Hawaii. His "solemn sense of responsibility" doubtless admonishes him that the less said the better when danger of impeachment is a part of the situation.

No man is so blind as he that refuses to see. That is kind of blindness Mr. Cleveland is exhibiting in insisting that congress shall carry out his policy of restoring Queen Lil.

It isn't hard to explain why the government is obliged to borrow money in a time of peace for the payment of ordinary expenses. "Democratic rule" tells the whole story.

If pledges of democratic senators can be relied upon the Cleveland tariff bill can never pass the senate in its present shape.

"IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN."

WHAT A DEPTH OF THOUGHT IN THOSE FEW WORDS.

How Often and With What Sadness Do We Quote Them—Only Known In Time.

Probably no words are more frequently quoted than these, and surely none could have a greater meaning or show more clearly that some calamity in our lives, caused perhaps by ourselves, through ignorance, carelessness or insufficient attention to the laws of nature, might have been averted. How true is it especially in regard to the sick. Might it not have been the case with nearly all of us at some period that had we but known what to do at the proper time, much suffering could have been saved.

No one knows this better than Mrs. Mary Henderson, who lives at 89 Congress Avenue, Flushing, Long Island. "I suffered terribly," she said—"from rheumatism, and was weak, tired and nervous all the time. I was so sore all over when I would rise in the morning and felt so tired that it seemed as if it would take me an hour to dress.

"I am thankful to say, however, that all these troubles have passed away, thanks to a wonderful remedy which I have used. This remedy is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I feel it my duty to tell



MRS. MARY HENDERSON.

what benefits I have derived from the use of this great medicine.

"The news is too good to keep and I feel that it should be made known, and I certainly will do all that lies in my power to spread it, because the medicine has done so much for me. It will surely help others if they will only give it a trial.

"Why, I feel like a new person, and I am now able to do all my work and stand it well. I am surprised at myself and the strength and vigor this wonderful medicine has given me."

And now, readers, if you have been suffering from nervous or blood diseases, causing debility, dyspepsia, or any of the conditions depending upon diseased nerves or blood, and have been thinking of what might be if you could but recover your health, we say to you in all confidence take this wonderful medicine and you will be cured. It is purely vegetable and harmless.

Dr. Greene, the noted specialist in curing all chronic and nervous diseases, is its discoverer. He can be consulted at his office, 35 W. 14 street New York, free of charge, personally or by letter.

A World's Fair Calendar.

Anyone who has ever seen one of the "Keeping Everlastingly At It" Calendars issued by N. W. Ayer & Son Newspaper Advertising Agents, Philadelphia, is ever afterward very hard to please.

That for 1894 is a rare combination of beauty and utility—large enough to be seen, handsome enough to be admired and sensible enough to be respected. He would indeed be a queer person who would be unwilling to "keep steady company" with it for a year.

We would call this "A World's fair edition" because of its numerous references to that wonderful event. Its ingenious suggestions on this subject will doubtless be helpful to many who visited "the white city."

It is easy to credit the statement that an increasing number of these calendars is sold each year. The price delivered (and well delivered,) post paid to any address is 25 cents—evidently a tariff for protection only, as at this figure there can be no profit in it for the publishers.

The Advertising

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

Buy Dullman's German 15 cent liver Pills, 40 in each package, at Palmer & Stevens

Winter Tourist Line Via The North-Western Line.

The North-Western line is now selling winter excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to points in Florida, Texas, Mexico, New Mexico, Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia, South Carolina and Alabama. In most cases these tickets are valuable for return passage until May 31, 1894, and they afford an exceptionally favorable opportunity for a visit to the famous winter health and pleasure resorts of the South. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R.

Buy Dullman's German 25 cent Cough Cure at Palmer & Stevens:

SOME WELL KNOWN FACES.

A Poet For President.

A republic in Norway is among the probabilities of the near future. Its establishment next year would not seem a very surprising thing to close observers of affairs in the Scandinavian peninsula. The national elections are to take place



BJORNSTJERNE BJORNSON.

then. There is no personal ill feeling against King Oscar. On the contrary, his popularity is probably the strongest bulwark of the union. Bjornstjerne Bjornson, poet, patriot, orator and leader of his people, is mentioned in connection with the presidency of the proposed republic.

This Is What

Dr. Koch's German Nerve Pills for nervous people. Guaranteed to cure weak memory, loss of brain power and all nervousness to either sex. Price \$1 or 6 for \$5. Dullman's German Medicine Co., Flint, Mich., sole agents for United States and Canada. Sold by Palmer & Stevens.

Low Rates To Coast Points.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., will sell round trip, first class tickets, good to return until April 30, 1894, at \$84.25, for San Francisco and other California coast points; also with same limit, round trip, first class tickets for Portland, Oregon and north Pacific coast points at \$79.55. For one way rates call at the ticket office, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.; also for all points south and east.

Blood Poisoning

"Twelve years ago my wife was picking raspberries when she scratched herself on a briar, the wound from which soon developed into a running sore, between her knee and ankle. We tried medical skill on every side, with no effect. About a year ago she read of Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it herself, and while taking the first bottle she felt better and continued with it until today she is entirely cured and better than ever. The sore was healed up in seven



Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

weakness. Her limb is perfectly sound." J. N. AUGENBAUGH, Elletts, York Co., Pa.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, indigestion. 25c. Try a box.

The Kabo High Bust Corset.

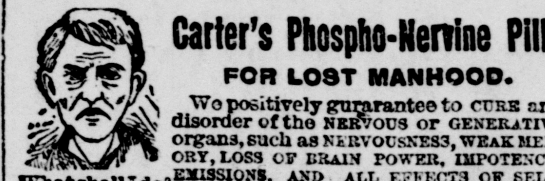


Popular with all who desire perfection in shape. Dress-makers prefer them because they secure a perfect fit. Many advantages. Here are a few:

Exquisitely long, tapered waist. Seamed with unbreakable Kabo—no dissatisfaction. Made with soft loop eyelets—no breaking of correct laces or discoloring of undergarments. In all materials. Prices \$1, \$1.25 and \$2. For sale by leading Dry Goods houses.

CHICAGO CORSET CO., Chicago and New York.

Subscribe For The Gazette.



Carier's Phospho-Nervine Pills

FOR LOST MANHOOD. We positively guarantee to cure any disorder of the nervous or generative organs, such as NERVOUSNESS, WEAK MEMORY, LOSS OF BRAIN POWER, IMPOWENCY, EMISSIONS, AND ALL EFFECTS OF SELF-ABUSE OR EXCESSIVE AND YOUTHFUL INDULGENCE. Take it in time and prevent coming trouble. YOUNG MEN REGAIN THE LOST MANHOOD! OLD MEN RECOVER THE YOUTHFUL VIGOR! If your druggist does not keep Carier's Phospho-Nervine Pills, we will mail them to any address in plain wrapper on receipt of price. One box, \$1.00. Six for \$5.00. Write to: Potter Drug Co., 3123 S. Park Ave., Chicago, Ill. Smith's Pharmacy.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria. "Castoria" is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruption, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

WE WOULD CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO . . .

Gas Fixtures. All Our Styles Are New.

No Old Stock or Styles. THE IVORY AND GOLD FINISH! makes the prettiest of all finishes and is the newest. Will not tarnish or change color.

Our Prices will suit you. We invite you to see our line whether you buy or not.

Wheeluck's Crockery Store.

They Are All Strong Companies.

Absolute security is given by the companies represented in the agency of Silas Hayner. A partial list follows:

Insurance Company of North America.. Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company. Buffalo, German Insurance Company, New York Northwestern National Insurance Company. Commercial Union of London. Westchester Insurance Company, New York.

They are time tried and fire tested. Thankful for past favors. I am very respectfully, SILAS HAYNER, Room 10, Jackman Block, Janesville.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

SMITH'S PHARMACY, Agents.

COLD IN THE HEAD DR. RAY'S WAFERS IN 8 HOURS

Sold by all druggists

Sewing Machines . . \$30.00. .

For the next 10 days I will sell the WHITE SEWING MACHINE, the best machine in the market for \$30.00. Come Quick.

U. F. NOTT, West End Music Dealer

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—Circuit Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at the special term of the county court to be held in said county at the courthouse, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the third day of June A. D. 1894, being June 18th, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and just.

All claims against Catherine A. Smith late the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased.

All such claims must be presented for adjournment to said court, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the day of July, A. D. 1894, or be barred. Dec. 16, 1893. By the Court. JOHN W. SALE, County Judge.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—Circuit Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court to be held in said county at the courthouse, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 28th day of February 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered: the application of Mary Court for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of John Courtney late of the city of Janesville in said county, deceased. Dated January 4, 1894. By the Court. JOHN W. SALE, County Judge.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—County Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court to be held in said county at the courthouse, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 28th day of February 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered: the application of Mary Court for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of John Courtney late of the city of Janesville in said county, deceased. Dated January 4, 1894. By the Court. JOHN W. SALE, County Judge.

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PARTITION SALE—STATE OF WISCONSIN—Circuit Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court to be held in said county at the courthouse, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 28th day of February 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered: the application of Mary Court for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of John Courtney late of the city of Janesville in said county, deceased. Dated January 4, 1894. By the Court. JOHN W. SALE, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WISCONSIN—County Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court to be held in said county at the courthouse, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 28th day of February 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered: the application of Mary Court for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of John Courtney late of the city of Janesville in said county, deceased. Dated January 4, 1894. By the Court. JOHN W. SALE, County Judge.

PROFESSIONAL CARD

DR. GEO. H. MCCAUSEY, SURGEON DENTIST, Office in Tallman's Block, Opp. First Nat'l Bank, W. Milwaukee St., Janesville, - Wisconsin.

A. J. BAKER, FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, And Money to Loan, SMITH'S BLOCK, Janesville, Wis.

Dr. Theo. Yungest, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Franklin St. Rear Stearns & Baker. TREATS ALL CLASSES OF DISEASE. OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 6 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

COLLING, WRAY & BLAIR, Builders and Contractors, Manufacturers, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Etc. Rear of Postoffice.

A DIVIDEND PAYER! The Gold Dollar Mining Company OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO. Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital \$1,000,000. Shares, par value one dollar, each. FULL PAID UP AND NON-ASSESSABLE 150,000 Shares in Treasury. The mine is located in the richest portion of celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek and is held under a United States patent. Work is done day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities. In January 1894 the Company will be paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 2 1/2% per annum on the amount invested. A limited amount of the shares are now offered AT 50 CENTS PER SHARE. Sound, accurate and expert reports may be obtained from the banking house of H. R. LOUNSBURY, 67 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE STATE RESTS IN ASHTON'S TRIAL.

TESTIMONY OF THE PROSECUTION IS ALL IN.

Announcement Was a Surprise--Witnesses Swore to Ashton Paying Money to ex-Marshall Spangler--Detective Burt Recalled for Cross Examination--An Adjournment Until To-Morrow Morning.

Matthew R. Ashton's suspense over his future will last only as much longer as his attorneys see fit, for the length of the case now lies with them.

"The state rests" was the simple remark that District Attorney Wheeler made a little before noon, thus closing all the testimony of the prosecution. This was a surprise to nearly everybody in the court room but it was not the only surprise. Today's testimony was rife with interest.

E. F. Carpenter testified to reading the will of Daniel Stone in Mr. Carpenter's office. This will was made in 1892 and was later burned and replaced by a new one. Mr. Carpenter gave the wording of the will in full. It provided first that Mrs. Stone should receive an undivided one-third interest in all real estate during her life and \$2,000. Mr. Stone's sister, Jane Stone, was given \$3,000, and Matthew R. Ashton was given all the real estate subject to the one-third interest given to Mrs. Stone, and personal property. It further provided that M. R. Ashton should be administrator, and that he be not required to file bonds. The will was read a few days before Mr. Stone went to Iowa; in April after he was assaulted. The will had never been read in the presence of Ashton before.

Cross examination by Mr. Winans led Mr. Carpenter to state that Stone and Ashton came to his office together and it was at Stone's request that the will was read. Ashton made no remarks concerning the will. Mr. Carpenter said he had never read the will to Mrs. Stone.

Money Paid to Spangler. George Campbell, of Dunkirk, Dane county, was sworn and said that he had received money mailed him by Matthew Ashton, about \$300 or \$350, in June, '93. Two hundred and fifty dollars he had paid to Mr. Spangler, the ex-marshall of Edgerton; the money being sent the witness for that purpose. Before that Ashton had given the witness \$170 or \$180; this being in October, '93; to give to Mr. Spangler, the witness paying Mr. Spangler \$100 of it. He thought the payment was made in the last week of October.

When the witness went to Ashton he told Mr. Ashton that he came at the solicitation of C. L. Brown and that Spangler needed money, which was due him for his investigation as to who assaulted Mr. Stone. Mr. Stone had promised to pay Spangler for his services in that direction and for his expenses. Mr. Ashton feared that it would appear against him to send the money but the witness finally prevailed upon him to do so.

J. S. Pope was sworn by the state this morning to testify in relation to a mortgage that he supposed belonged to Stone but that Ashton claimed. The court ruled the testimony out as incompetent.

C. L. Brown, of Edgerton, testified to knowing Spangler and Ashton and said that he was present at Mr. Spangler's office on the day when a proposition was made by Ashton to Spangler regarding the dropping of the case.

Ashton said Stone sent him, Mr. Ashton met the witness and Spangler near the latter's office and the three entered.

"Uncle Dan sent me up to see if you couldn't settle the case up with the district attorney," Ashton said. "Uncle thought a few thousand dollars would induce the district attorney to drop the case."

Spangler said he couldn't do it. The witness had a conversation with Ashton three or four weeks ago in relation to a letter the witness received from Mr. Spangler in relation to pay for work on the assault case.

"Do you think if I paid Spangler the money (\$80) he would not come here to testify unless we wanted him?" was the substance of Ashton's remark.

Brown said that he thought Spangler would keep his word.

Supposed Ashton Wouldn't Testify.

The next day Ashton said he had \$50 that just came from Canada that he could pay and that he would fix the balance in a day or two which he did.

Ashton said that Spangler had secured \$450. The witness got the inference that Spangler was not to come to testify at the trial and that the "money was what done it."

The thirty dollars to complete the eighty dollars that Spangler claimed, was paid by Mrs. Ashton, who said that her husband sent her with it. The witness said he told her what it was for.

"Yes," she replied, "do you think Spangler knows anything that would hurt Mr. Ashton?"

Brown had kept the money and was to pay Ashton after the trial.

Cross examination brought out the statement that he had connection with Spangler and Detective Burt in regard to the assault on Mrs. Stone but did not work in that connection more than a week. He knew that Mr. Stone had offered a reward of \$1,000 which Spangler told him. Mr. Brown said that he understood that Spangler claimed the reward.

Mr. Brown said in answer to a question that he had said that Ashton said that his Uncle Daniel was "old

and sick and would rather have the case settled" and that Mr. Stone wanted Mr. Ashton to see Mr. Spangler and get him to go to Janesville and see the district attorney and see if it couldn't be settled.

Contradiction Was Hinted At. "Didn't you tell me," asked Mr. Winans, "that there was no proposition as to money made?"

"I did not," Ashton left after Brown and Spangler had told him that it could not be settled.

Brown could not swear positively that Ashton did not ask if he paid the money if "Spangler would come and testify if we wanted him."

John W. Hogan was then sworn and said that as sheriff he visited the Stone farm last summer. The water was forty-two inches deep and the surface was six feet four inches from the floor above.

Ashton Wouldn't Divide The Farm.

August Schenese testified through H. W. Frick as interpreter that Ashton in telling of a talk with Biederman claimed that the estate would never be divided and that Biederman would get none of it. Ashton expected to get it all some day.

At this point the state rested their case but before the motion was formally made Detective Burt was recalled by the defense for further cross examination. He stated that it was 8 or 9 o'clock in the morning that he "called Mrs. Stone down" as his interview with her relative to the assault was styled. He would not say that he had not told Bradley that he had called Mrs. Stone down.

Burt did not remember telling Bradley that he had told Mrs. Stone that she was liable to arrest; and that she said she supposed so. He denied emphatically telling Bradley that she could not stand up under the strain. He denied that he said that the lamp on the table in the position that she said it was, would not throw a light on the path.

Mrs. Stone and Her Statement.

After the interview on Saturday Mrs. Stone was not under great mental strain, Burt testified, and he had not told Bradley so. He did not think he told Bradley that "there would be developments before morning but he had Ashton in mind." He did not think he said anything about Ashton while talking to Bradley.

"Did you not say," asked Mr. Winans, "did you not say on Sunday morning at Spangler's office, 'its all up; the bird has flown; I have searched the place, she has not left the premises unless she left like a witch on a broomstick; the reward is yours; demand the money?'"

District Attorney Wheeler objected to the question as not being proper cross-examination and the court sustained it, so Burt did not answer.

Mr. Winans said in requesting for the afternoon's adjournment that he desired to see some of his witnesses that he thought he could thereby shorten up the case. The defense's medical testimony will probably be the first taken up.

WEDDINGS IN THE COUNTY.

Veley-Acheson.

Emery C. Veley and Miss Daisy Acheson, both popular young people of Janesville were married by Rev. J. D. Cole. George H. Acheson and Miss Clara E. Grove standing up with them.

Allen-Wall.

Ethan Allen of Porter and Miss Mattie Wall, of Janesville, were married last Sunday evening by Justice C. C. Fisher, of Center.

Dolls-Draphal.

William Dolls and Miss Edith Draphal were married at Janesville and have begun housekeeping at their town of Center home.

Rogers-Schoen.

John Rogers and Miss Anna Schoen were married by Rev. Hatch of Magnolia.

It will astonish you how quick Johnson's Magnetic Oil will kill all pain. Sold at Smith's pharmacy; 25 and 50 cents.

BITS BEARING ON BADGERDOM.

The mills on both sides of the bay at Superior have shut down.

ASHLAND poor get 20,000 pounds of beef from the Swift Packing Company.

LAKE MILLS is considering whether it would be profitable to establish a cannery factory.

The present warm weather is very injurious to logging operations in Waupaca county.

THERE has never been a law in this state which would prohibit the manufacturing of filled cheese.

DR. E. R. BEESON, of Fond du Lac, owns and conducts the largest vaccine farm in the west if not in America.

MR. WILIE, of Lake Geneva, has 4,000 pounds of wool which he is holding till free wool is fifty cents a pound.

CHARLES A. VESPERMAN of Ellenboro, lost a herd of hogs that had feasted on the body of a distempered horse.

JOHN SHARP of Delavan is having some immense stump-pulling machines and engines made at Providence, R. I. The engines will have a pulling capacity of three hundred and fifty tons each and will clear a ten-acre field of stumps at one setting.

PLANS FOR THURSDAY NIGHT.

LIGHT Infantry Drill, at the Armory.

GERMAN Choral Union, at Concordia hall.

REED'S Comedians at the opera house.

JANESVILLE Choral Union, at 5, Royal Arch Masons at 10, that

MYSTERIOUS DEATH DARKENS A HOME.

REMAINS OF MRS. C. E. REESE FOUND BY NEIGHBORS.

She Was Last Seen Alive Sunday Morning, and the Condition of the Body Indicates That She Must Have Died Sunday Afternoon or Evening.

C. E. Reese never got the letter he expected from his wife when he reached this city. Instead he received a dispatch that his wife's body had been found in her home in Fond du Lac, the indications being that she had been dead two days.

Mr. Reese is traveling salesman for B. T. Babbitt & Co., soap manufacturers and is away from home much of the time. Last week his wife accidentally burned her head while leaning over a lamp, and the injury, although not serious, called forth the attention of her next door neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gibson. Mr. Gibson had not seen the woman since Sunday morning, and began to feel uneasy. The shades in the front of the house were closely drawn as though she had gone away from home, but Mr. Gibson knew this could not be the case. Yesterday morning he resolved to make an investigation. The doors were all locked. Mr. Gibson looked into the house through a side window, and beheld a startling sight.

Mrs. Reese Dead in Bed.

The disfigured remains of Mrs. Reese were lying in the bed just as though she woman had died while asleep. The disfigurement was natural under the circumstances. Mr. Gibson immediately telephoned the details of the matter to Chief of Police McGrath, who notified Judge Watson and Dr. Mayhew, and the three proceeded to the house. The front door was forced open. Mrs. Reese was lying in bed undressed, and nothing was at first discovered which would indicate that death resulted from other than natural cause. The only suspicious feature was a tiny stream of blood which had trickled from a corner of her mouth.

Coroner's Inquest to Be Held.

On a small table was a short letter written from her husband dated Prairie du Chien, January 10. The letter began in an affectionate manner, and contained instructions for her to write to him at Janesville. Five dollars was enclosed by the writer. Another sealed letter bore the address "C. E. Reese, Babbitt & Co., 37 North State street, Chicago."

Judge Watson empaneled a jury consisting of M. Lefever, Pat Conron, James Quinn, Henry Bruett, Anton Liefeld and Frank Donovan, and after viewing the remains the inquest was adjourned until this afternoon. In the meantime an investigation as to the cause of the death was made by the doctors and it was found that she had committed suicide with laudanum.

SOMETHING FOR SUPPER TIME.

New Patent for George S. Parker.

George S. Parker has received a new patent on a fountain pen. Other Wisconsin patents are: H. M. Allen, Milwaukee, magazine for stoves or furnaces; J. N. Barr, Milwaukee, drill press; F. H. Bolte and E. D. Klog, Milwaukee, workman's time record; T. H. Brown, Milwaukee, hunting wagon; F. G. Hurlbut, Fond du Lac, bicycle stand; J. R. Thomas, Beloit, feed mechanism; F. A. Walsh, Milwaukee, sheet metal working machine; A. Swiebel, Burlington, windmill.

Pythians in Evansville.

A number of the members of Oriental Lodge, Knights of Pythias, with their ladies, will visit Evansville this evening and assist in dedicating a new lodge hall. A banquet and dance is on the programme. The start will be made at 9:05 and the party will return at 6:25 to-morrow morning.

Bank Officers Named.

The following officers have been chosen by the Rock County National Bank directory for the current year:

President—C. S. Jackson.

Vice President—B. B. Eldredge.

Cashier—S. B. Smith.

Assistant Cashier—A. P. Burnham.

Million Feet of Lumber in a Pile.

The Thoroughgood & Co's. box factory now has one million one hundred and fifty thousand feet of bass wood lumber piled up in their lumber yards. Parties curious to see that amount of lumber at one flash of the eye have only to walk up North Main street.

Over 1825 Gazettes a Day.

Despite the hard times The Gazette grows steadily. The paper in the new form is more popular than ever and our actual paid circulation will be 2,000 by Feb. 1. The average circulation is already a trifle over 1825 daily.

Durbin Williams Under Arrest.

Officer Cochrane returned from Prairie du Chien last evening having in charge Durbin Williams, who is wanted in Johnston. The case was set for a hearing on February 11.

Little Problem for J. S. Clark.

J. S. Clark will be called upon to explain to Judge Phelps on February 18 whether he properly supports his family.

Blessing For the Poor.

Will sell you the best table syrup in the city, only fifteen cents a gallon. Bring your jug along. F. C. Winslow.

GEORGE I. STRATTON's picture sale is a decided success. Make your selection early as the sale closes Saturday night.

JANESVILLE WOMAN AT THE HEAD. Miss E. L. Banks' Newspaper Work Has Made Her Famous.

Miss Elizabeth L. Banks, sister of Mrs. A. C. Bates and a former Janesville girl has attained distinction in her literary work. Miss Banks was with the minister to Peru as private secretary to John Hicks. At the time of Mr. Hicks' appointment she was with the St. Paul News, but through the influence of personal friends was offered the position of private secretary and accepted it. She returned from Peru three years ago, and for two years was engaged in special work for the New York World and regular work for the Baltimore Herald. The past year she has been in London doing special work for the Anglo-American, London Sun, Walter Besant's paper, The Author, and others. She has gained fame, her latest work being an article, or a series of articles in the Sun, entitled "In Cap and Apron," in which she writes up her experience while masquerading as a housemaid in order to study social features in London. The criticisms of the articles by the leading papers are interesting and favorable to a marked degree.

LAUD MISS ROLSTON'S SINGING.

Minneapolis Saturday Evening Spectator Has Warm Words of Praise.

Praise is given Miss Belle Rolston by the Minneapolis Saturday Evening Spectator on her singing in Plymouth Congregational church. The Spectator says:

The soprano, Miss Belle A. Rolston, rendered the recitative, "He was cut Off," and the aria, "But Thou Didst not leave His soul in hell," with good effect, both from an artistic and musical standpoint. Her voice is not large, but is very sweet. Her method is natural and each tone is used to the best advantage and is well rounded out. She enunciates with distinctness and employs no trick of art to heighten effects. Judging from one hearing, Miss Rolston may be considered a welcome addition to local musical circles.

NOTES FOR A WINTER EVENING

TOBACCO is all stripped.

REED'S Comedians tonight.

MAYOR THOROUGHGOOD is in Chicago today.

THERE'S very little frost in the ground.

REED'S Comedians give a good performance.

JOIN the jam and come. Holmer, No. 8, on the bridge.

CHOICE table syrup, 20 cents a gallon. A. C. Munger, South Main street.

THAT big lot peaches at ten cents all gone. Did you get any? F. S. Winslow.

THE Home Circle Athletic club gave a very pleasant dancing party at Columbia hall last night.

THE Janesville Liederkranz will meet for their weekly rehearsal at Concordia hall tonight.

WE have a quantity of dry wood for sale cheap. JANESVILLE COAL CO., J. H. Gateley, Manager.

PROF. C. D. EVANS will give the second entertainment in the Union Catholic League course at Columbia hall tonight.

Nobody killed but prices crushed at our counters. The prices will convince you of our desire to sell. Holmes on the bridge.

ALL bill against the Janesville Light Infantry should be handed to the treasurer, F. A. Nelthorpe, 159 Cornelia street, by February 5.

WILL sell you all the salt you want one year cooking and table use for thirty cents. Say, will make it twenty-five cents. F. S. Winslow.

MRS. O. C. FORD gave a "pink tea" in honor of Mrs. Helms Wells of Milwaukee, yesterday afternoon and the affair was greatly enjoyed by the guests.

COMPETITION shudders. The great money saving centre of Janesville. We choose to lose a dollar to save the loss of two. Our dissolution sale is a success. Holmes, No. 8, on the bridge.

TOMORROW evening the Fortnightly club will meet at the residence of Floyd Murdock. The subject for discussion will be "Hudson's Law of Psychic Phenomena." Wm. Smith will be the leader.

FARMERS in Rock county who are trying winter dairying claim to be very well pleased. The conditions for success are good cows, a warm, well ventilated stable and intelligent feeding. With these profit is assured.

BUT those are dandy silver prunes. Big ones? I should say so! two pounds for twenty-five cents. Sold a big lot to Baraboo. Those Northwestern boys say they pay twenty-five cents a pound for them. F. S. Winslow.

J. H. GATELEY has placed an order book for coal and wood with Palmer & Stevens, and Brownell & Clemons. Leave your orders with them and they will be promptly delivered. Janesville Coal Co., J. H. Gateley, Manager.

ALL those knowing themselves indebted to the Boston Clothing House are requested to pay their accounts this week at the store to J. Weisend or his clerks, as the store will be closed next week. J. Weisend, proprietor Boston Clothing House.

TO the ladies of the Associated Charities: If you will give orders to fifty poor families for one gallon of table syrup each I will fill the orders. Each lady write out your order and sign and send them to my store. Tell them to bring their jug along. F. S. Winslow.

SOLD A CARLOAD LOT OF COUNTY LEAF.

IMPORTANT DEAL BY TWO LOCAL DEALERS.

The Sale of a Carload of '92 and Four Hundred Cases of '91 and '92 Make a Stir--S. B. Heddles and H. G. Carter Form a Partnership Under the Name of Heddles & Carter.

The sale of a carload of '92 leaf and about four hundred cases of '91 and '92 created a little stir in the tobacco market this week. S. B. Heddles sold three hundred cases of '91 and '92 to parties in Chicago and Philadelphia mostly for shipment to Europe and is now preparing a large quantity for export. H. G. Carter also purchased 100 cases of '92 for export, and A. C. Peterson of Racine, purchased a carload for the European market. Aside from these transactions little is doing in this market, yet all anticipate livelier times in the future. S. B. Heddles and H. G. Carter will hereafter be together in the tobacco business under the firm of Heddles & Carter, occupying the Heddles warehouse.

While growers have the '93 crop ready for the market there is no demand. Much of the crop will remain in the hands of growers for an indefinite time. Usually at this season of the year tobacco warehouses are scenes of busy life, but there have been this year few hands at work. Buyers here insist on keeping prices private, as the eastern dealers watch Wisconsin prices very closely, and govern themselves accordingly, but they say that fair rates have been realized so far.

CONGREGATIONALISTS END A YEAR.

Annual "Home Gathering" of the Janesville Church--Substantial Responses.

Congregational people held their yearly "home gathering" this afternoon. It will close with a supper this evening. The meeting this afternoon included the church and all the auxiliary societies. The session commenced in the church parlors at 2 o'clock, the first order after opening exercises being the call of the roll of members. As the roll was called each member signified his donations to the various church funds and missions. Following this came the reports of all auxiliary societies, including the home and foreign missions, the Ladies' Aid Society and the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

Who's Right About Tea Now?

Our judgment on the quality of the one dollar tea in packages seems to have prevailed; at least one merchant thinks so, as he, after reading our price of sixty cents on India tea, dropped his to fifty five cents. This proves to you that his dollar tea is no better than our sixty cent tea. We will, however, go him one better, and sell our India tea at fifty cents a pound as long as he has any left. We do not think he will be foolish enough to order any more and pay seventy cents a pound for it and sell for fifty-five cents. Come to us. We will sell you the best India tea in the market at fifty cents a pound. The same as you have heretofore paid a dollar for. GRUBB BROTHERS.

Attention, Railroad Men!

Friday being pay day on the Northwestern Railroad, the attention of railroad men is called to the closing out at cost sale at the Boston Clothing House, corner of Jackson and Milwaukee streets, during this week; and as this will be the last week of the cost sale at said store, I have employed extra help for Saturday, and the store will be open from seven o'clock in the morning until 11:30 p. m. If in need of clothing or furnishing goods, it will pay you to take advantage of this bona fide cost sale. Respectfully yours, J. WEISEND, Proprietor Boston Clothing House

Summer Days Can't Last Forever.

Forecast: Clear and cool on Friday.

The temperature as recorded by S. C. Burnham & Co. during the last twenty-four hours was as follows:

7 a. m. 32 above
1 p. m. 38 above
Max. 38 above
Min. 29 above
Wind northwest.

JAMES H. REDDY, of Spooner, Wis., who has been visiting his parents for the past few days, left for Jacksonville, Fla., this morning, where he will spend the remainder of the winter for the benefit of his health.

A Paean to the Pumpkin.

How dear to my heart is the old yellow pumpkin, when orchards are barren of stuff for pies! When peaches and apples have both been a failure and berries of no kind have greeted our eyes. How fondly we turn to the fruit of the cornfield, the fruit that our children are taught to despise; the old yellow pumpkin, the mud covered pumpkin, the big belled pumpkin that makes such good pies. —Loudonville Democrat.

A Frank Confession.

"That was a very fine speech you made in defense of that fellow who was charged with murder."

"Yes, it was pretty good, but I could have spoken with much more eloquence if I had been on the side of the prosecution."

Royal Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength—Latest United States Government Food Report.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
106 Wall St., N. Y.

Hueher-Augen

Is the German name for corn. If you have any that trouble you got at once and get a bottle of Smith's German Corn Cure. It is the best, the easiest to use, and does the work. Guaranteed or money refunded. 25 cents

Fresh cut flowers from the Linn St. Green House.

SMITH'S PHARMACY.

Golden Rule Stock For Sale!

We have bought the best of the Golden Rule Stock, lately sold by the Mortgagee, and have moved it to our place of business, corner Milwaukee and River Streets. We will close it out within the next ten days at 15 to 25 percent below cost. The stock includes

Rockenham Ware, Blue Ware, Stationery, Tinware, Silverware, Etc.

Now is your chance to get bargains.

The Fair,

Cor. Milwaukee and River.

THOS. KING, Prop.

NEW LIFE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory; Loss of Brain and Nerve Power; Lost Manhood; Quinsy; Night Sweats; Evil Dreams; Lack of Confidence; Nervousness; Lassitude; all Drains; Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion; Youthful Errors; or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which soon lead to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, a box for \$5, with written guarantee to cure or refund money. WEST'S COUGH SYRUP. A certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat. Pleasant to take. Small size discontinued; old 8c. size, now 10c.; old 11c. size, now 15c. GUARANTEED issued only by Prentice & Evenson, sole agents.

KING'S Business College and Short Hand INSTITUTE

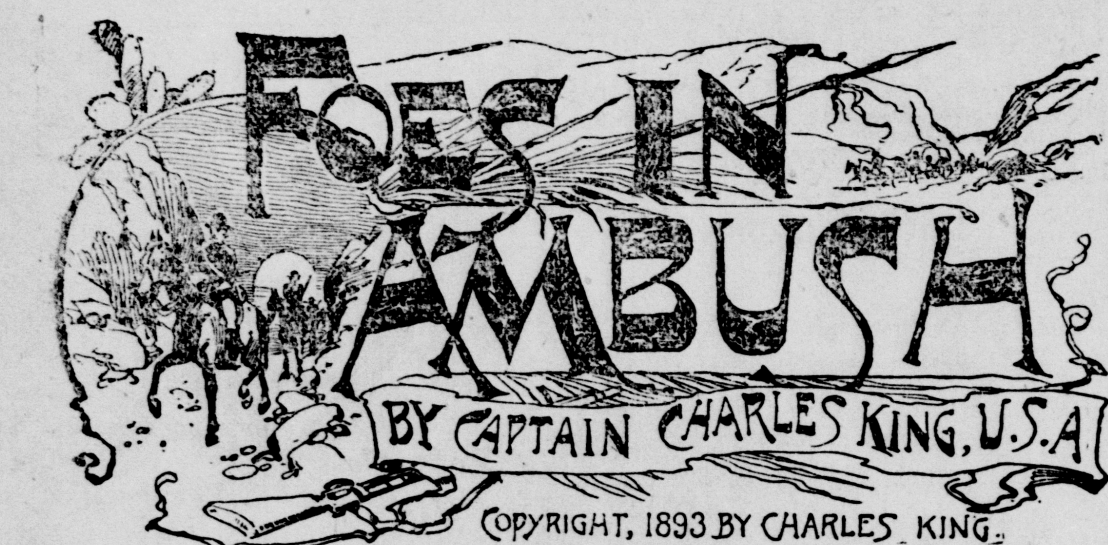
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Students successful. School open day and night. No vacations. Students may enter any time. Call or write for circulars. Address: KING'S BUSINESS COLLEGE & SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

FINE HOUSE FINISHINGS.

We have lately secured the services of W. L. Bollard, late of New York City, who has had 20 years experience both on his own responsibility and with some of the best firms in the United States in the manufacture of MAN-TLES and GRILLE WORK.

Under Mr. Bollard's supervision we have added these specialties to our line of house finish. Are prepared to do First Class Work and will furnish same on Short Notice and at Reasonable Prices. Call and see our patterns and designs.



SYNOPSIS OF "FOES IN AMBUSH."

CHAPTER I.

Major Plummer, an army paymaster, is crossing the plains with a safe of greenbacks for the garrison troops in Arizona. His cavalry escort is led by a veteran sergeant named Feeny. The party halts at Moreno's ranch, near Gila river. A stranger giving his name as "Ned Harvey," calls at that ranch and states that himself and a small party are escorting his two sisters across the plains. Their father, a wealthy citizen of Tucson, A. T., was met there near Moreno's, but his sister had failed to do so, and his children fear that he has fallen in with murderous Apaches. Half a dozen troopers, led by Corporal Donovan, are sent with the stranger as protection for his sister. Later two of the troopers return grossly intoxicated and bringing a note signed "Ned Harvey," to the effect that Indians have burned the Harvey camp and carried off the girls. Feeny sends a runner to the paymaster. Suddenly a cannon fire is seen at an army signal station in the crest of a distant range, a warning never displayed except the Apaches are on the warpath.

CHAPTER II.

Late that night a scouting party of United States cavalrymen, under Lieutenant Drummond, is crossing the plains from another direction toward Moreno's. One of the troop is a mysterious recruit, a former stage driver, named Bland. The riders stumble upon the body of a trooper, which proves to be Corporal Donovan. They destroy the tell-tale beacon at the signal station, and shortly after a second fire lights up the sky around Moreno's.

CHAPTER III.

Just after dark on the evening the beacon was lit at the signal station a draft wagon and a Concord piloted by the real Ned Harvey and conveying his sisters Ruth and Fanny, pass by the station on the way to Moreno's. The latter officer in charge, Sergeant Wing, has met the girls to Yuma, and after greeting them and whispering in young Harvey's ears the rumors about Indian raids, starts to climb the signal hill. He is suddenly assaulted, lassoed and dragged to a tent, bound and gagged. At the same time the signal fire of fire flashes into flames. At the sight of the signal beacon Major Plummer sends a second party of soldiers out to rescue the Harvey girls, leaving only Sergeant Feeny, the paymaster and his clerk and the stipulated troopers to guard the safe.

CHAPTER IV.

Ranchman Moreno is secretly leagued with the "greaser" bandit gang of one Morales. Ned Harvey and his sisters reach Moreno's. Next two strangers take up and ask for shelter. Feeny rebuffs them, and the fight opens. Major Plummer's party and the Harveys are barricaded in the ranch.

CHAPTER V.

Moreno openly joins the outlaws. They fire the ranch outlaws. Feeny and Ned Harvey are ambushed.

CHAPTER VI.

Harvey could not long have lain unconscious. No bones were broken, no severe concussion sustained in the rapid drag over the sandy surface, and the awful sense of the calamity that had befallen him and the dread and doubt as to the fate of his beloved ones seemed to rally his stunned and bewildered faculties and bring him face to face with the horror of the situation. Barely able to breathe, he found himself rudely gagged. Striving to raise his hand to tear the hateful bandage away, he found that he was pinioned by the elbows and bound hand and foot by the very riata probably that had dragged him thither. No doubt as to the nationality of his unseen captors here. The skill with which he had been looped, tripped, whisked away and bound—the sharp, biting edges, even the odor of dirty rawhide rope—all told him that, though Americans were not lacking in the gang, his immediate antagonists hailed from across the Sonora line. Who and what they were mattered little, however. The fact that after hours of repulse in open attack the foe had all on a sudden carried their castle by a damnable ruse was only too forcibly apparent. Writhing, struggling in miserable effort to free himself from his bonds, poor Harvey's burning eyes were maddened by the picture before him only a couple of hundred yards away.

There in the fierce light of the flames now bursting from every window and roaring and shooting high in air from the brush heaped roof of Moreno's ranch—there stood the Concord wagon, stalwart men clinging to the heads of the plunging and excited mules, a big ruffian already in the driver's seat, whip and reins in hand; there beside it was the paymaster's ambulance, into which three of the gang were just shoving the green painted iron safe—the Pandora's box that had caused all their sorrows—there Moreno's California buckboard, pressed into service and being used to carry the wounded, drawn by the extra mules, and then—God of heaven! what a sight for brother's eyes to see and make no sign!—then one big brute lifted from the ground and handed up to a fellow already ensconced within the covered wagon the senseless, perhaps lifeless, form of pretty little Ruth, his father's idol. The poor child lay unresisting in the ruffian's arms, but not so Paquita. It took two men, strong and burly, to lift and force her into the dark interior, and one of these, to the uttermost detail of his equipment, was to all appearance a trooper of the United States cavalry.

There stood his panting horse with tugging head and jaded withers, the very steed whose rush they had welcomed with such exulting joy, saddled, bridled, blanketed, saddlebagged, lariat, lined, every item complete and exactly as issued by the ordnance department. The trooper himself wore the field uniform of the cavalry—the dark blue blouse, crossed by the black carbine sling, whose big brass buckle Ned could even now see gleaming between the broad shoulders and gathered at the waist by the old fashioned "thimble belt" the trooper saddlers used to make for field service before the woven girdle was devised. Even more, Harvey in his misery remembered the thrill of joy with which he had noted, as the splendid rider reined in and threw himself from the saddle, the crossed sabers, the troop letter "C" and the regimental number gleaming at the front of his equipment.

Who—who could this be, wearing the honorable garb of a soldier of the United States, yet figuring as a ringleader in a band of robbers and assassins now adding rapine to their calendar of crime? Edward Harvey's heart almost burst with helpless rage and wretchedness when he saw his precious sisters dragged within the canvas shelter—saw the tall, uniformed brigand leap lightly after them and heard him shout to the ready driver, "Now, off with you!"

Crack! went the whip as the men sprang from the heads of the frantic mules, and with a bound that nearly wrenched the trace hooks from the stent whippetree the Concord went spinning over the sands to the south, whirling so near him that over the thud of hoofs and whirl of wheels and creak of spring and woodwork he could hear poor Fanny's despairing cry—the last sound he was aware of for hours, for now in dead earnest Harvey swooned away.

Half an hour later, the rafters of the ranch having by this time tumbled in and turned the interior into a glowing furnace, there came riding from the west a slender skirmish line of horsemen in the worn campaign dress of the regular cavalry. With the advance there were not more than six or eight, a tall, slender lieutenant leading them on and signaling his instructions. With carbines advanced, with eyes peering out from under the jagged hat brims, the veteran troopers came loping into the light of the flames, expectant every instant of hearing the crack of outlaw's rifle or perhaps the hiss of feathered arrow of unseen foe. Though some of the steeds looked hot and wearied, the big rawboned sorrel that carried the young commander tugged at his bit and bounded impatiently as though eager for the signal—"charge." Straight into the circle of light, straight to the southern entrance, now a gate of flame, the soldier rode and loudly hailed "Moreno!"

But hissing, snapping woodwork alone replied. Guided by an experienced sergeant, some of the troopers, never halting, rode on into the eastward darkness, and there were stationed as vedettes to guard against surprise. Returning to where he had passed his lieutenant, the sergeant dismounted, allowing his weary horse to stand, and then began a minute examination. Fol-



There in the fierce light of the flames stood the Concord wagon.

lowing the freshest hoof tracks, he found the young officer riding about through the thick smoke within the corral.

"Any sign of Moreno or his people, sir?" he hailed.

"Not yet. Just see what's beyond that doorway. My horse is frightened at something there and I can't see for the smoke."

Obedient, the sergeant pushed ahead, bending low to avoid the stifling fumes. Between the tumbledown heap of barley sacks and the crumbling wall lay some writhing objects in the sand, and his stout heart almost failed him at the moan of agony that met his ear.

"Help! water! Oh, for Christ's sake, water!"

One bound carried him out of sight of his superior. The next instant, dragging by the foot a prostrate form, he emerged from the bank into the fresher air of the center of the corral. Off came his canteen and was held to the parched lips of a stranger in searched civilian dress, his beard and hair singed by the flames, his legs and arms securely bound.

"Who are you and what's happened? Whose work is this?" demanded the lieutenant, leaping from saddle to his side. The man seemed swooning away, but the sergeant dashed water in his face.

"Quick!—the others!—or they'll burn to death."

"What others? Where, man?" exclaimed the soldiers, springing to their feet.

"Oh! somewhere in there—the far end of the corral—or Moreno's west room," was the gasping reply.

Another rush into the whirling, eddying smoke, another search along under the wall, and presently in the flickering light the rescuing pair came upon a barrier of barley sacks, burning in places from huge flakes of fire falling from the blazing rafters of the overhanging shed, and behind this, senseless, suffocated, helplessly bound, two other forms. Thrusting the sacks aside, the troopers seized and dragged forth their hapless fellow creatures. Jarred by sudden pressure, a burning upright snapped. There was a crackling, crashing sound and down came the rafters,

sending another column of flame to light up the features of men rescued not an instant too soon from the death that awaited them.

"My God!" cried Sergeant Lee, "this is old Feeny—and yet alive." Together the two raised the senseless form, bore it out into the open space, laid it gently beside their first discovery and ran back for the next, a big, heavy, bulky shape in loose and blood-stained garments. It took all their strength to lug it forth. Then the lieutenant bent by the side of the slowly recovering civilian.

"Are there any more we can reach?" he questioned eagerly, his heart beating madly.

"No—too late!—others were inside when the roof fell in. More water—more water!"

Sergeant Lee sprang to the ollas gleaming there in the firelight and brought back a brimming dipper, holding it to the poor fellow's parched lips until he could drink no more, then slashing away the thongs with which he was bound.

"This is greaser work," he cried. "How could they have left you alive? Where are Moreno's people? Who's done this anyhow?"

"Pasqual Morales. Moreno was in it too. 'Twas the paymaster they were laying for, but they've killed Ned Harvey and got his sisters—old Harvey's children—from Tucson."

"What?" cried the officer, leaping to his feet. "Harvey's daughters here?—here? Man, are you mad?"

"It's God's truth! Oh, if I had a drop of the whisky that's being burned in there! I'm high dead."

"Run to my saddlebags, Lee; fetch that flask, quick; then call in the men and send one back to hurry up the rest. Where have they gone? What have they done with their captives?"

"God knows! I could hear them screaming and praying—those poor girls! Mullan and the pay clerk picked up Feeny after he was stunned, and they rushed him back through here, where the paymaster had dragged himself, to where you found him. That—that's the paymaster you've got there. Then they tried to save a drunken soldier while all the gang seemed crowding after the safe and the girls, but they were shot down inside and must have burned to death if they weren't killed. Oh, God, what a night!"

And weak, unstrung, unmanned, the poor fellow sobbed aloud.

At this instant there rode into the corral a couple of troopers.

"Lieutenant Drummond here?" cried one of them. "We've found a man out on the plain to the southeast, gagged and bound. Shall we fetch him in?"

"You go, Quinn, but get some one else to help you. Patterson, your horse is fresh, gallop back on the trail. Tell Sergeant Meinecke to come ahead for all he's worth. Let the packs take care of themselves. Send Sergeant Lee in here to me again." Then with trembling hands the young officer turned his attention to his other patients. Severing the cords with his hunting knife, he freed them from their bonds, then dashed water over their scorched and blackened faces, meantime keeping up a running fire of questions. Between his sobs, the young civilian told him that the outlaws had hitched in both teams and taken also the spare mules and the buckboard. They had lifted the Harvey girls into the Concord, the safe and Pasqual Morales into the paymaster's ambulance, while the wounded men and Moreno's people probably were put on the open wagon. Then they had all driven furiously away to the south, leaving only two or three men to complete the work at the ranch.

Finding the paymaster and sergeant well nigh dead, they had contented themselves with binding and leaving them to their fate, to be cremated when the roof of the shed came down. Then one of the gang whom he had once befriended in Tucson pleaded with his fellows to spare the life of the only one of the party left to tell the tale. Pasqual and the Mexicans were gone. Those who remained were Americans, judging by their speech, though two of them were still masked. "My name is Woods," said the poor fellow. "But that bandit had to beg hard. They were ready to murder anybody connected with the defense, for Ramon was killed and Pasqual shot through the leg. I did that, though they didn't know it. They bound and left me here, but made me swear I would tell Harvey and his friends when they got back that it was no use following; they had 30 armed men and three hours' start. They never thought of any one else getting here first. Oh, my God! who can break it to Mr. Harvey when he does come?"

And then Sergeant Lee came hurrying back, one or two men with him, and together they labored to restore to consciousness the paymaster, breathing feebly, and old Feeny, bleeding from a gash in the back of the skull and a bullet hole through the body. For nearly a quarter of an hour their efforts were vain. Meantime Drummond, well nigh mad over the delay, was pacing about like a caged tiger. He set two of the men to work to hitch the bewildered

little burros to the well wheel and get up several huge bucketsful of water against the coming of the troop. He ordered others to rub down his handsome sorrel, Chester, and the mounts of two of the advanced party. At last after what must have seemed an age, yet could not have been over 30 minutes from the time of their arrival, a soldier running in said he could hear hoofs out on the plain, and at the same instant two men appeared lugging between them, bleeding and senseless, the ragged form of Edward Harvey.

Scratched, torn, covered with blood and bruises and still unconscious though he was, Drummond knew him at a glance. They had met the previous year, and though only once it was enough. Men with young and lovely sisters are not soon forgotten. Kneeling by his side, the lieutenant sought anxiously for trace of blade or bullet. Rents there were many and many a

groovy scratch and tear, but, to his infinite relief, no serious wound appeared. Still in deep swoon, his friend seemed to resist every effort for his restoration. The dash of water in his face was answered only by a faint shivering sigh. The thimbleful of whisky forced between his lips only gurgled down his throat, and Drummond felt no responsive flutter of pulse. The shock to his system must indeed have been great, for Harvey lay like one in a trance. Drummond feared that he might never again open his eyes to light and home.

And then the weary troop came trotting into view, old Sergeant Meinecke in command. Halting and dismounting at his signal, the men stood silent and wondering at their horses' heads, while their leader went in to report to his commander.

Drummond barely lifted his eyes from the pallid features before him.

"Unsaddle, sergeant; rub down; pick out the best and likeliest horses. I want 20 men to go on a chase with me. How soon can the packs get up?"

"They must be fully half an hour behind, sir."

"Sorry for that, sergeant. We've got to take at least four of them; load them up with barley, bacon, hardtack, ammunition. Kick off everything else. We'll feed and water here before starting, then we've got to ride like the devil. Send Trooper Bland here as soon as he has unsaddled. I want him to ride with me. He knows all the roads to the south."

Meinecke saluted in his methodical German fashion, turned away and pre-



Two men appeared lugging between them the ragged form of Edward Harvey.

ently could be heard ordering "Unsaddle," and then shouting for Private Bland.

"Are there any of our men besides the farther who have any knowledge of surgery?" asked the lieutenant of Sergeant Lee.

"They say Bland has, sir. I don't know any one else."

"Well, I've just sent for him. Mr. Harvey here doesn't seem to be wounded, yet it's impossible to bring him in. Give Woods a little more whisky and see if you can get a word out of the major or Feeny."

But efforts with the half suffocated men had no effect. The whisky with Woods had better results. He presently ceased his shivering sobs and could answer more questions. Drummond begged for particulars of the capture, and these the man found it difficult to give. He was stationed at the back door, the corral side, he said, and hardly saw the final rush. But there was something so queer about it. There had been a few minutes' lull. Then Harvey and Feeny both began to talk excitedly and to call out that the "road agents" were running away, and then presently there came the sound of galloping hoofs and cheering and both the sergeant and Mr. Harvey had shouted that the troops were coming and rushed out to meet them—"And the next thing I knew," said Woods, "was seeing Feeny flattened out on the ground and crawling on his hands and knees and the room filled with roughs, some Mexicans, some Yanks, and I slipped into the corral and saw one of them shoot Feeny as he was trying to crawl after me; and while they were swearing and searching for the safe and carrying it out, Mr. Daves and Mullan managed, somehow, to help the paymaster out, and then went in after the other man."

Then Woods could tell little more. One thing, he said, amazed and excited him so he couldn't believe his eyes, but he was almost ready to swear that the fellow Feeny ran to shake hands with was a soldier in uniform, and that he held Feeny's hand while another man came up behind and "mashed" him with the butt of his pistol, and that this fellow in soldier clothes was the man who afterward shot Feeny as he was trying to crawl away.

Drummond looked around at the man incredulous—almost derisive. The story was improbable, too much so to deserve even faint attention. Just then Meinecke came back and, precise as ever, stood attention and saluted.

"Herr lieutenant, Private Bland is not with my party at all, sir."

"Did you leave him back with the packs?"

"No, sir; the men say he wasn't with us all night. He rode ahead with the lieutenant until we came to Corporal Donovan's body."

"He's not been with me since," exclaimed the lieutenant. "Sergeant Lee, ask if any of the men have seen him."

Lee was gone but a moment, then came back with grave face and troubled eyes, bringing with him a young trooper who was serving his first enlistment.

"Private Goss, here, has a queer story to tell, sir."

"What do you know? What have you seen?" asked Drummond.

"Why, sir, right after Sergeant Lee caught sight of the fire and sung out that it was Moreno's I was back about a couple of rods looking for my canteen. I was that startled when they found it, and all of a sudden somebody comes out past me leading his horse, and I asked him what he had lost, and he said his pipe and passed me by, and I thought nothing more about it—only no sooner did he get out into the dark where I couldn't see him than I heard all of a sudden a horse start at full gallop right over in this direction, and now I think of it it must have been Bland, for it was him that passed me, sir—sneaking out like."

Drummond sprang to his feet.

"What say you to this, sergeant? Do you believe—do you think it possible that Bland has deserted and joined these outlaws?"

"I don't know what to think, sir, but I haven't forgotten what Feeny said of him."

"What was that?"

"That he had too smooth a tongue to have led a rough and honest life; that if he was a Texan as he claimed, Texas people had learned to talk a different lingo since he was stationed among them with the old Second cavalry before the war, and that he wished he'd been there at Lowell when the adjutant accepted those letters from former officers of the regiment as genuine. Bland would never show them to Feeny. Said he had sent 'em all to his home in Texas. That was what made bad blood between them."

"By heaven! and now to think that one of our troop—C troop—should have been engaged in this outrage! But we'll get them, men," said Drummond, straightening up to his full height and raising his gauntleted hand in air. "They can't go fast or far with those wagons such a night as this. They'll strike the foot hills before they've gone 10 miles, then they'll have to go slow. We'll catch them before the sun is up, and, by the God of heaven, if Bland is with them, I'll string him to the highest tree we can find."

"There's more than him that'll be strung up," growled a grizzled old trooper in an undertone. "The gang that murdered Pat Donovan will find scant mercy in this crowd."

"Aye, aye," said another, "and there's more than Pat Donovan to be scored off. Look yonder." For at the instant one of the packers came leading into the corral a resisting mule, at sight of whose burden many of the horses started in fear. It was the lifeless body of Donovan's companion, the soldier who had escaped the assassin's bullet when Patsy fell only to be overtaken and cut down half way to Moreno's.

"It's the bloodiest night I've known even in Arizona," said Lee to his young leader. "The paymaster and Mr. Harvey about as good as dead, old Feeny dying, most like, the clerk and Mullan and some other trooper of the escort burned to ashes in that hell hole there, and Donovan and this last one—some of our fellows think it is Flynn, from F troop—shot to death. It's worse than Apache, lieutenant, and there'll be no use trying to restrain our fellows when we catch the blackguards."

A quarter of an hour later, leaving half a dozen soldiers under an experienced sergeant to guard the packs, the wounded and the noncombatants at the smoldering ruins of the ranch, with barely a score of seasoned troopers at his back, Lieutenant Jim Drummond rode resolutely out toward the southern desert, toward the distant line of jagged mountains that spanned the far horizon. The false and fatal blaze at the Picacho had utterly disappeared, and all was darkness at the west. The red glow of the smoldering embers behind was no longer sufficient to light their path. Straight away southward led the wheeltracks, first separate and distinct, but soon blending, as though one wagon had fallen behind and followed the trail of the bolder leader in the first. Straight away after them went the ruck of hoof tracks, telling plainly that for a time at least the gang had massed and was prepared to guard its plunder.

Stop to divide it was evident they dared not, for they had not with them the implements to break into the safe, and all their searching and threatening had failed to extract from the apparently dying paymaster any clue as to what he had done with the key. Stick together, therefore, they undoubtedly would, reasoned the lieutenant, and all their effort would be to reach some secure haunt in the Sierras and there send back their demand for ransom. Twenty-five thousand dollars in cash and George Harvey's precious daughters! It was indeed a rich haul—one that in all the dread history of the Morales gang had never been equalled. Even had they failed to secure the safe the richer booty was theirs in having seized the girls. But few people in Arizona—as Arizona then was constituted—would make great effort to overhaul a gang of robbers whose only victim was Uncle Sam and "his liveried hirelings." Nobody in Sonora would fail to regard them with envious eyes, but in the deed of rapine that made them the captors and possessors of those defenseless sisters each man had put a price upon his head, a halter round his neck, for "gringo" and "greaser," American and Mexican alike, would spring to arms to rescue and avenge.

As the rearmost of the little party of pursuers disappeared in the darkness and the wearied pack mules went jogging sulenly after, urged on by the goad of their half Mexican driver, the sergeant left in charge of the detachment at the corral looked at his watch and noted that it was just 2:30 o'clock. The dawn would be creeping on at 4.

Wearied as were his men, he did not permit them all to rest. The condition of his wounded and the instructions left him by Lieutenant Drummond made it necessary that they should have constant attention. It was sore trouble for him to look at the old paymaster, whose life seemed ebbing away, lying there so pallid and moaning at times so pitifully, but Feeny lay torpid, breathing, yet seeming to suffer not at all.

Both were in desperate need of surgical attendance, but where could surgeon be found? The nearest was at Stoneman, the little cantonment across the Christobal, 30 miles to the east, and though a gallant fellow had volunteered to make the ride alone through the Apache infested pass and carry the dispatch that Drummond had hurriedly penciled there was no possibility of doctors reaching them before the coming night, and the thought of all they might have to suffer through the fierce white heat of the intervening day was one that gave the sergeant

deep concern. Then, too, who could say whether the solitary trooper would succeed in running the gauntlet and making his way through? He was a resolute old frontiersman, skilled in Indian warfare and well aware that his best chance was in the dark, but speed as he might the broad light of day would be on him long before he could get half way through the range. The stage from the west would probably come along about sunset, but nothing could be hoped for sooner. No troops were nearer than the Colorado in that direction except the little signal post at the Picacho. Corporal Fox and two men had been sent thither to inquire what the signal meant, and it would soon be time for them to come riding in with their report. How he wished Wing were here! Wing knew something about everything. He was an expert veterinarian, something of a doctor, knew more of mineralogy than all the officers put together and could speak Spanish better than any man in the regiment. When it became necessary to have a signal station at the peak and it was found that no one knew anything about the business, Wing got one of the old red manuals, studied the system and inside of a week was signaling with the expert sent down from San Francisco.

The interior of the ranch was still a smoldering furnace as 4 o'clock drew nigh. Woods, weak and exhausted, had fallen into an uneasy sleep. The trooper detailed to watch over old Plummer and Feeny and bathe their faces with cold water was nodding over his charge. Here and there under the shed on the north side which the flames had not reached the men were dozing, or in low, awestricken tones talking of the tragic events of the night. Near the east gate, reverently and deeply covered with the only shroud to be had, the newest of the saddle blankets, lay the stiffening remains of poor Donovan and his comrade. Lurking about the westward end of the inclosure, their beady eyes every now and then glittering in the firelight, the Mexicans, men and boy, were smoking their everlasting papietos, apparently indifferent to the fate that had deprived them of home and occupation.

One of the troopers had burrowed a hole in the sand, started a little cook fire and was boiling some coffee in a tin quart mug. Overhead and far down to the horizon on every side the stars shone and sparkled through the vaporless skies. Eastward toward the Christobal they were just beginning to pale when a faint voice was heard pleading for water. Sergeant Butler sprang from his seat and hastened to where he had left Mr. Harvey but a few minutes before, still in deep and obstinate swoon.

"Water, is it, sir? Here you are! I'm glad to see you picking up a little. Mr. Drummond left this for you, too, sir. He said you would maybe need it." And the sergeant raised the dizzy head and held a little flask to Harvey's lips.

"Where is he?" at last the sufferer was able to gasp.

"Overhauling the outlaws, hand over fist, by this time, sir. He has 20 good men at his back, and we'll have the ladies safe tonight—see if we don't."

"Oh, God!" groaned the stricken brother, burying his face in his arms as the recollection of the fearful events of the night came crowding upon him. For a moment he seemed to quiver and tremble in every limb, then with sudden effort raised his head and turned again, the blood trickling anew from a gash in his face as he did so.

"Give me more of that," he moaned, stretching forth a trembling hand. "More water too. Lend me a horse and your carbine. I must go! I must go!" But there his strength failed him, and grasping wildly at empty air poor Harvey fell heavily back before the sergeant could interpose an arm to save.

"Don't think of it, sir. You're far too weak, and you're not needed. Never fear, the lieutenant and C troop will do all that men can do. They'll bring the ladies safely back as soon as they've hung what's left of that murdering gang. Hello! That you, Fox?" he shouted, springing up as two or three horsemen came spurring in.

"It's I—Wing," was the answer in ringing tones. "Fox is coming slower. Quick now. Is it so that that gang has run off the young ladies?"

"It's God's truth. Here's Mr. Ned Harvey himself."

In an instant Wing was kneeling by the side of the prostrate man.

"Merciful heaven, my friend, but they've used you fearfully! They only bound and held me till Jackson got back from Ceralvo's a couple of hours ago. Are you shot—injured?"

"No, no," groaned Harvey. "But I am broken, utterly broken, and my sisters are in the hands of those hounds."

"Never worry about that, man. I know young Drummond well. There isn't a braver, better officer in the old regiment if he is but a boy. He'll never drop that trail till he overtakes them, and by the time he needs us old Pike here and I will be at his side. Thank the Lord, those louts were frightened off and never took our horses. They're fresh as daisies, both of 'em. Cheer up, Mr. Harvey. If hard riding and hard fighting will do it, we'll have your sisters here to nurse you before another night. Come, Pike," he cried as he vaulted into saddle. "Now for the liveliest gallop of your lazy, good for nothing life. Come on!"

Buy Dullam's German 25 cent Cough Cure at Palmer & Stevens

SPECIAL TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a writra for the collection of a special assessment for grading south Main street in the Second and Third wards, in the city of Janesville, is now in my hands for collection, and that I will receive the same at my office until the 18th day of January, 1894, after which I shall proceed to collect the same as the law directs.

M. MURPHY, City Treasurer.

Dated December 23, 1893.

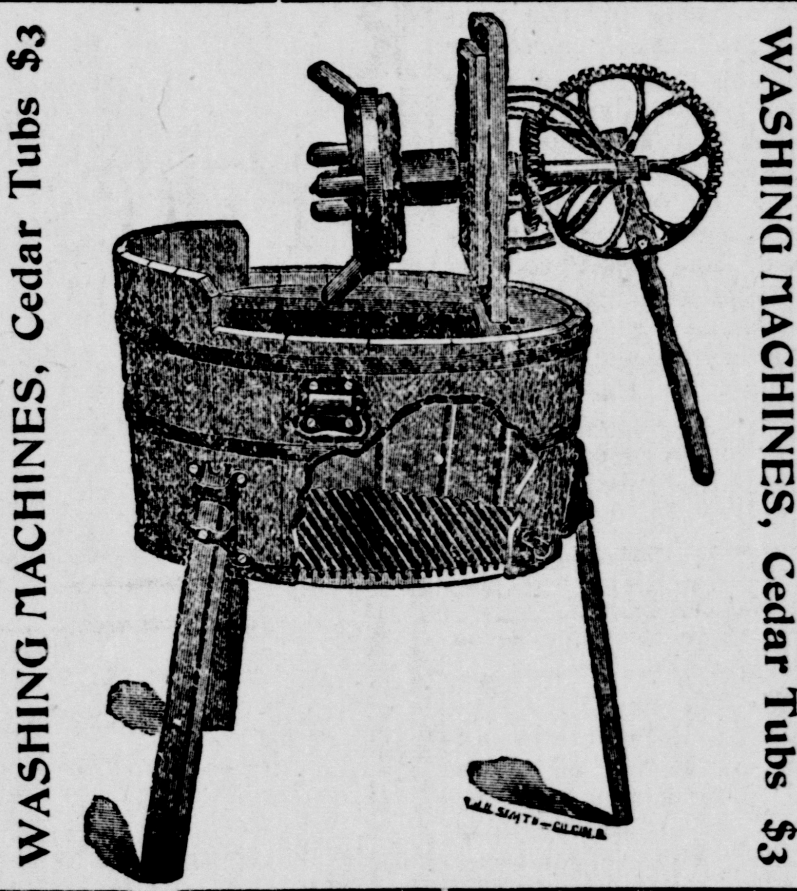


BARGAIN MONTH

During January There Will Be An Honest Clearance Sale.



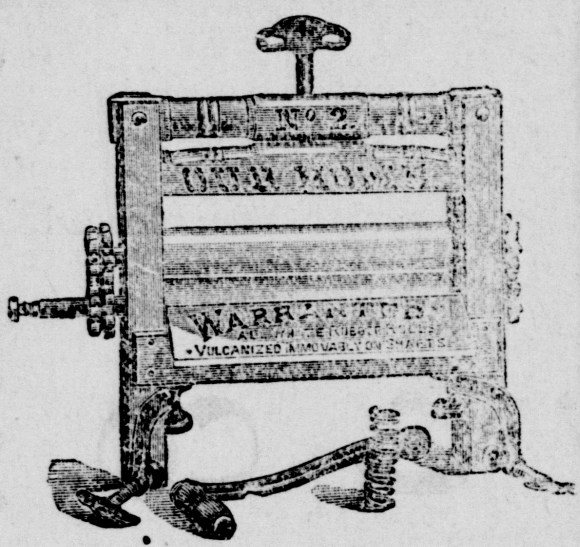
All Clamp Steel Club Skates	.25
Warranted Cast Steel Hatchet	.23
Steel Axes, with handles	.50
Flower Pot Brackets	.05
One Pound of Tacks	.05
Washing Machines, cedar tubs	\$3.00
Wagon Jacks	.45
Egg Beaters	.03
Good Hammers	.06
Fire Shovels	.05
Tin Cups	.02



WASHING MACHINES, Cedar Tubs \$3

WASHING MACHINES, Cedar Tubs \$3

2 Qt Tin Pail	.06
Tin Wash Basins	.05
Steel Butcher Knife	.09
Coal Hod	.19
Lantern Globes	.05
Corn Poppers	.07
Buck Saws, warranted	.55
5 Gallon Oil Cans	.25
Best Quality Mixed Paint, Per Gal.	\$1.10
Scrub Brushes	.10
Warranted Steel Shovel	.32

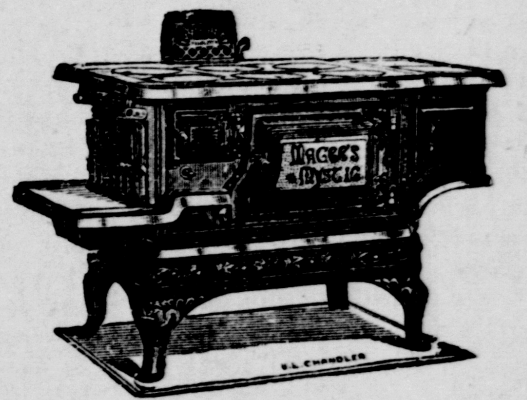


Wringers, with Solid Rubber Rollers \$1.50

We State Frankly The Value Is In The Goods

Come and see the goods and decide for yourselves. We could fill a page and then not tell you half that you ought to know.

LOWELL HARDWARE CO.



STOVES
\$35.00 Down to \$1.00

SOUTH CAROLINA OYSTERS.

They Sometimes Build Ledges on the Coast Ten Feet High.

Taking the oyster beds in the order in which I have placed them, we shall first examine those of South Carolina. The entire coast margin of the state is well divided into natural beds; but, says Mr. Dean, "they are strangely unlike the natural beds occurring further northward." In this region the oyster is found on the margin of the shore in positive reefs, part of which are at low tide exposed—so that the oysters live almost "as much in the air as in the water." These ledges are found in curious clusters—those oysters which are on top being called "raccoons," because of their peculiar shape. These oysters can barely be said to live, and are in their present condition utterly unfit for the table, says the Popular Science Monthly.

Professor Ryder says that the cause of this peculiar clustering is that, because of the muddy and unhealthy condition of the bottom in deeper water, the oysters of South Carolina cling to the shore line and there build upon one another, until sometimes ledges are formed over ten feet high. This crowding together prevents individual development, and, consequently, millions upon millions of oysters are lost to the people of this country in this one state alone. That the "planting" of "raccoon" seed in deeper waters for cultivation would be profitless is shown by the natural growth of the oysters themselves in the marginal waters. They would soon become asphyxiated in the soft, silting mud bottom which occurs along the entire coast of this state.

NAPOLEON AT PLAY.

Bonaparte "A Supremely Selfish and Particularly Vulgar Little Man."

The diary describing the journey of Napoleon to St. Helena appears in the Century. It gives more or less significant details of Bonaparte's conversations, and presenting the exile, says the New York Tribune, as a supremely selfish and particularly vulgar little man. During the first two months of his detention in the island he lived in a small detached building near the cottage of a Mr. Balcombe, who had two young daughters in their early teens. "These young ladies," says Mr. Glover, "in a few days became perfectly familiar, and the general seemed highly pleased with their naivete, particularly with that of the younger (a pretty girl, and a most complete romp when out of the sight of her father). He occasionally so completely laid aside his imperial dignity as to romp with these young ladies, who during such diversions as 'blind man's buff,' etc., called him by the familiar appellation of Boney; indeed the younger, who pegged his favorite, said a

and everything to him her lively imagination dictated, asking every possible question, and he answered without the slightest apparent reserve." There is not much trace of the grand, gloomy, and peculiar captive about this picture.

William Had Presence of Mind.

William the Fourth of England seemed in a momentary dilemma one day when, at the table with several officers, he ordered the waiter to "Take away that marine there," pointing to an empty bottle. "Your majesty," inquired a colonel of marines, "do you compare an empty bottle to a member of our branch of the service?" "Yes," replied the monarch as if a sudden thought had struck him, "I mean it has done its duty once and it is ready to do it again."—Argonaut.

Search the Patent Office.

It is somewhat amusing to see how often an inventor will pursue a certain subject that has been exhausted. One of the shrewdest of this class very cautiously told a friend while sitting in the lobby of one of the leading hotels uptown, that he had struck something, and, in fact, it was a device really needed in our civilization. The friend smiled and said: "My boy, I supposedly invented the same identical thing fifteen years ago. Before I took out a patent I had the patent office searched, and the reply came back: 'Your device is old; was invented ten years ago.'" The patent office ought always to be searched before big fees are rolled up.—Hardware.

A Contractor's Advice.

Dullman's German Medicine Co.: Gentlemen: I take great pleasure in testifying in behalf of Dullman's German Blood Purifier, and Kidney Cure. I can safely say that I have used such medicine as that to cleanse the system and kidneys. I was suffering for years with biliousness, indigestion and loss of appetite. One bottle of it did me more than six months' other treatment, and I feel it my duty to testify in its behalf, so others may be cured.

Yours truly, Mrs. McDonald, Milana, Ich. For sale by Palmer & Stevens.

The Worst Place to Have a Boil.

Mrs. Tyke—Doctor, I suffer dreadfully from dyspepsia.

Dr. Kallomell—Nonsense! You haven't got dyspepsia!

Mrs. Tyke—No, but my husband has.—Life.

Catarh In The Head.

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarh. Catarh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

A. Golden, druggist, Birmingham, Ala., writes: "Please publish some of the testimonials I have sent you for Japanese Pile cure." Sold at Smith's pharmacy.

The greatest worm destroyer on earth is Dullman's German Worm Lozenges, only 25 cents per box. For sale by Palmer & Stevens.

Scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired, is thoroughly expelled from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

If you are worn out, run down and nervous. Magnetic Nerve will restore your health. Sold by E. O. Smith, pharmacy.

You will be pleased with the mild and lasting effects of the Japanese Liver Pellets. Try them. Sold at Smith's pharmacy.

A Race Peculiarity.

"Sambo, are you as dark as your complexion all over?"
"No, boss; Ise light-fingered on dark nights."—Truth.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

DR. PEPPER'S FEMALE PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 50,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper, 25¢ per box, or trial box 10¢. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4¢ in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address: PEPPER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Prentice & Evenson

Summer's 40 Hours Away.

A trip of two-score hours, will take you where the weather's warm—THOMASVILLE, GA., or JACKSONVILLE or TAMPA, FLORIDA.

A pleasant and continuous journey via the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Louisville and Nashville and Savannah Florida and Western R. R's can be made for a short time, at very low rates. Write to

CHAS. W. HUMPHREY, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.
or CHAS. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

SEE THE FAIR AGAIN.

YOU can live over the scene of the great exposition if you take advantage of our offer and secure Shepp's "World's Fair Photographed."

You will not only see the Fair again, but you can review its history, for no important feature of the Fair has been left out, and the complete collection, with the accurate descriptions which accompany the views, gives and excellent and entertaining history of the greatest event of the nineteenth century.

As you turn the leaves of our magnificent work you will almost imagine that the Fair again exists, so lifelike are the photographic reproductions.

THE GAZETTE promised the best and it has given them to you.

If you will get any series and examine it carefully you will readily admit that is true.

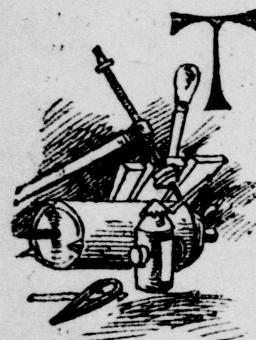
These photographic views are very easy to obtain if you are a GAZETTE reader.

Little trouble—clip four coupons; and little expense—10 cents is all.

LABOR'S SOVEREIGN IS A BRAINY MAN.

THE NEW GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN.

A Power Among the Labor Men of the Great West—Belief that the Prestige of the Knights of Labor Will Revive.



THE RESOLUTION in the general executive board of the Knights of Labor by which James R. Sovereign recently found himself installed as general master workman of the order, and the entire personnel of the board entirely changed, was the sensation of the day in labor circles.

Will the order under its new leadership from the terrible knock-down blows it has received during the last ten years? Is the new leader destined to be the man who will revive its former power?

Who is James R. Sovereign and when did he become prominent?

The fact is that James R. Sovereign, though little known in New York except by well-posted labor men, is well known in the west. His life has been a busy one, though he is not yet 40 years of age, and people in the state of Iowa are prepared to swear by him. He has been cattle boy, farm hand, marble worker, journalist and politician alternately.

James R. Sovereign was born in Cassville, Wis., on May 30, 1854. His father and mother died when he was little more than an infant, and he was brought up by his grandfather, and received a very rudimentary education at one of the local schools. His grandfather died when Sovereign was 15 years of age, and before he had decided on any trade. A number of cattlemen and cowboys were going at that time to the ranches at Gonzales, Texas, and Abilene, Kan., and Sovereign, for want of anything better to do, went with them.

Tiring of cowboy life, he went to Cresco, Howard county, Iowa, in 1872, where he worked on a farm and went to school for two winters. He learned the trade of marble cutter.

He began to write for the local papers while he worked at the trade, and



GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN SOVEREIGN. His articles were so favorably received that he became a journalist. In the meantime the greenback movement was started, and Sovereign, who was a born politician, went heart and soul into it. About this time he made the acquaintance of Robert and George Schelling, Joseph R. Buchanan and other prominent Knights of Labor.

By their advice he joined the order and busied himself making suggestions about plans for spreading its power. In 1882 he accepted the nomination for congress for the Ninth district of Iowa on the greenback ticket and was defeated. A year later he went to Cherokee, Iowa, where he started the Free Press, a weekly organ of the greenbackers, which flourished while the party was alive, but is now defunct.

Then he went to Jefferson, Iowa, where he started the Argus, and shortly after he established the Industrial in Dubuque, Iowa.

All this did not seem to afford vent enough for Mr. Sovereign's superabundant energy, so he became active as a labor agitator and lecturer, and in 1887 the greenbackers took hold of him again and nominated him for lieutenant governor of Iowa. The next year he ran unsuccessfully again for congress on the same ticket, and in 1889 took the stump in favor of the candidacy of Gov. Boies.

Gov. Boies, as a reward for Sovereign's efforts, made him labor statistician for the state of Iowa in 1891. His reports while he held the office were looked upon as models of conciseness, and, of course, were all favorable to labor.

The local assembly of the knights which Sovereign first joined was in Storm Lake, Iowa, and is still in existence. He was elected as its delegate to the general assembly of the knights for nine successive years, and before his election as general master workman of the order had been master workman of the Iowa state assembly for six years. Mr. Sovereign has met the fate of many a hard worker and is still a poor man.

Mr. Sovereign will probably form some plan to widen the scope of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Powderley, generous, romantic, whole-souled, was a picturesque figure in the palmy days of the order. His theories were excellent and his personal magnetism something wonderful, but now is the time, it is believed, for a hard-headed, practical man of the world to take the reins, and many who know Sovereign believe that he is the man to save it from absolute shipwreck.

Some time ago Mr. Powderley put

himself on record as in favor of a general harmony among all labor organizations and the merging of the Knights and open unions into one great central body. Some of Mr. Powderley's time was taken up studying this problem, and those who know him well say that he builded better than he knew, and that his dream of one great central body will yet come true.

On the other hand, Mr. Sovereign, while believing in working harmoniously with the open unions, believes that the order will still exist and preserve its autonomy and become, as an order, greater than ever.

The organization was at its strongest in 1876, when over 1,000 delegates were present at the convention of the general assembly in Richmond, Va., representing about 800,000 members in good standing. Besides this there were between 200,000 and 300,000 members who were not in good standing, making an aggregate membership of over a million.

STATE'S CASE CLOSED.

Defense in the Coughlin Trial Will Open To-Day.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—"The state closes its case, your honor," said Assistant State's Attorney Rottum to Judge Tuthill at 11:30 o'clock yesterday, and the first chapter of the Coughlin trial was over. The state's half of the story of the murder of Dr. Cronin has been told to a jury for the second time. The explanation of the defense is yet to come. The first witness to testify on behalf of Coughlin will take the stand at 10 o'clock Monday next. It is estimated that it will take as much time to introduce all the evidence for the defense as was required by the state, and the verdict of the jury need not be looked for till about March 1.

The defense will have to explain away the incriminating circumstances of Coughlin's hiring the horse which was called for at Dinan's stable by the man identified by Frank Scanlan, Mrs. Conklin and the Misses McNearney as the person who called for Dr. Cronin; to explain or disprove his presence in Nieman's saloon the night of May 4; to explain or disprove his presence in the vicinity of the cottage that afternoon, when he was seen with Kunze by Watchmaker Kettner; to disprove Bardeen's statement that he saw him at Edgewater with the wagon; to explain or disprove his meeting with Andrew Foy on May 12, and to explain or disprove Mrs. Foy's damaging testimony concerning his admissions to her. The lawyers for the state think the defense will find it impossible to do this. They consider that the state has made out an unassailable case against Coughlin.

The attorneys for the state and the defense consulted with the court after adjournment and at the close of the conference it was announced that when court met at 10 o'clock to-morrow the defense would offer certain motions that portions of the evidence offered by the state be excluded, and that, this having been done, the case would go over to Monday morning, when the defense will begin the introduction of its evidence.

OVER A MILLION BEHIND.

Receiver Barth's Sensational Testimony in the Koetting Trial.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 18.—In the trial of John B. Koetting, of the South Side Savings bank, yesterday Receiver Barth testified that when the bank closed on July 21 last the liabilities were \$1,180,524 greater than the actual assets. There was no record of any capital stock and he included none in the total. If the alleged capital stock of \$100,000 really existed it increased the liabilities \$100,000. This condition was not shown by the bank's books because they had been doctored to conceal it and the general ledger was gone. Real estate experts confirm the receiver's estimate of the value of certain property held by the bank.

RECORD OF FIRES.

Roadhouse Business Block Burns With a Loss of \$20,000.

HILLSBORO, Ill., Jan. 18.—Fire at Roadhouse last night destroyed a block of three store buildings and the Globe hotel. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$10,000.

VIRGINIA, Ill., Jan. 18.—The Virginia canning factory and contents were burned. Loss, 15,000; insurance, \$11,000.

CORNING, Iowa, Jan. 18.—The hall of King Arthur Lodge, Knights of Pythias, caught fire from a gasoline stove last evening, and the stage and scenery were destroyed.

A Good Old Custom.

An old European custom was to give a clock to anyone who could take an oath that he had strictly minded his own business and not meddled with his neighbor's affairs for a year and a day.

Geese and Chickens on the Stage.

General Fisher has a contract to furnish about 300 live ducks, geese and chickens from his Valley Forge farm to a Philadelphia theater, for the presentation of a pastoral melodrama.

Too Nice to Last.

Peddler—Is the lady of the house in? Mr. Newlywed—Yes; but there isn't a thing in the wide world we want.

Peddler—All right, sir. I'll call again when the honeymoon is over.

The Wild Orange.

A plant known as wild orange, on the island of Reunion, is said to produce a beverage equal to coffee and much cheaper. It can be used alone or mixed. It is now raised on 24,000 acres, and its name is "mussenda."

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 18.—Credible witnesses declare Mount Jefferson belched forth clouds of black smoke and steam at sunrise yesterday morning.

NOW READY FOR WAR.

Dairymen Start Their Campaign Against Bogus Butter.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—Makers of bogus butter will do well to be on their guard. Never before did such an uncompromising and bitter warfare stare them in the face than that which has been practically set on foot in the Tremont house by some dozens of rich farmers, breeders and dairymen. There is no overestimating the power of the new organization which, in the first words of its constitution seems to fling down a challenge to the rich manufacturers of bogus butter: "The name of this organization shall be the National Dairy Union." In less than half an hour after the adoption of the constitution each had paid in cash the \$3 that made him a member of the union and a committee had been appointed by Chairman Horr for the purpose of naming officers to serve for the next year. The constitution as reported by the committee that was put to work on this matter is practically as follows: "The name of this organization shall be the National Dairy Union. The object shall be: 1. To secure national and state legislation to prevent the manufacture and sale of food products made in imitation or semblance of pure butter or cheese, and also to prevent the sale of adulterated dairy products. 2. To assist in the effective and thorough enforcement of existing laws and such future laws as may be enacted for the purpose set forth in our constitution."

EARTHQUAKE IN NEBRASKA.

Buildings at Hastings Rattled—Mount Jefferson Sends Out Clouds of Smoke.

HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. 18.—An earthquake shock that rattled windows and made chinaware dance was felt here at 2:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon. No damage was done, but in the office buildings the effect of the shock can only be compared to that of a two ton safe falling through a floor.

WANTED.

WANTED—A middle aged person in family of three. Call at 205 Center avenue.

AGENTS make \$5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retail 35 cents. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample postage paid five cents. FORSHEE & WALKER, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—At once—Good agent: \$1 per hour, selling the Electrical Wonder. SPAULDING, Railroad House.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Small house in good repair 161 South Main. A few minutes walk from P. O. Inquire 223, South Second St.

FOR RENT—Four-room flat in Gazette block. Enquire of R. C. Holdredge, 252 South Main street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Cheap—A good three-spring leather top Bichholz phaeton in good condition. Will exchange for a first class, undercoat, light survey, and pay a liberal difference for one that suits. S. A. POND, 7 East Street, S.

FOR SALE—Choice second growth wood. M. H. CURTIS, 39 South High Street.

A Lot of People

have a horse or horses that they don't want. We want one or two carloads—say a carload of good work horses and a carload of good drivers. We have building lots that are sure to advance from 10 to 20 per cent. within two years; we have a good many of them; we will exchange enough of them to pay for horses enough to fill two cars. If you prefer houses we have six good ones for sale and will take half the price of any of them in horses.

We must buy this stock right and will sell you the real estate very low. Call and see us.

Yours very truly,

GEO. L. & SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

Something that we do.

We buy and sell farms. We exchange city property for farms. We buy and sell city and village property or we exchange city property for any kind of personal property. We buy for cash or real estate any kind of stocks of goods. If you are in the dry goods, hardware, grocery, jewelry, crockery, boots and shoes, or general merchandise business and want to get out, you can sell out to us and get cash and good real estate. We loan money on real estate at right rates. We make loans for other parties. Whatever you have, whatever you want to do in the way of dealing, you go wrong unless you come to us. It seems so to us.

Yours very truly,

GEO. L. & SARAH H. CARRINGTON.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

A Sample

of what we are doing to reduce stock.

Prices - Talk - Every - Time.

The best Axminster and moquette carpets with and without borders, at 95c per yard.

Ladies' Jersey ribbed underwear, colors, white, red and blue, sold all this season at \$1.00, now 50c; the biggest bargain of the season.

We propose to make prices on Cloaks that will close the entire stock. Cloaks at one-half price; cloaks at one-quarter price; cloaks at ten cents on the dollar. We mean business, and if you want a cloak and want to buy it much less than the material would cost, come to us.

Forty pieces of Jamestown and other wool dress goods that have always sold at 25c, now go at 9c; a good thing for children's school dresses.

Ten pieces wool and cotton white flannel at 12½ cents per yard; reduced from 25 cents.

We are having big success selling all wool dress goods at 50c; reduced from \$1.00.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns.

The Record Broken!

In Chairs, We have 2000 large brace and hand carved diners worth \$14 per set, that we close out at per set **\$8.39**
2000 large solid oak brace arm diners worth \$9.00 per set we will close out at per set **\$5.49**

These chairs are warranted in ever respect, will be sold at the above prices for cash until Feb. 1.

SEE SAMPLES IN SHOW WINDOW.

Frank D. Kimball.



Capt. King's Story In This Paper "Foes In Ambush,"

CAPTAIN KING'S latest story of army life and adventure in the southwest is full of stirring scenes and dramatic incidents. You can't afford to miss it. Drop us a postal card and have THE GAZETTE delivered as long as the story runs.

A Synopsis of Chapters already run is printed daily for the benefit of new readers.